

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1646

DIGEST OF HB 1646 (Updated March 26, 2009 1:39 pm - DI 110)

Citations Affected: IC 23-2; IC 23-19.

Synopsis: Business and other associations. Amends the statute concerning the regulation of loan brokers to specify that the law applies to residential mortgage loans. Amends the statute to bring it into compliance with the Secure and Fair Enforcement for Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (S.A.F.E. Act). Provides that mortgage loan originators and principal managers must be licensed, rather than registered, by the securities commissioner (commissioner). Reduces the application fees for licensure as a loan broker, mortgage loan originator, or principal manager. Specifies that a unique identifier obtained by an individual from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry (NMLSR) may not be used for purposes other than those set forth in the S.A.F.E. Act. Changes the amount of the bond that a loan broker licensee must maintain. Requires: (1) licensed mortgage loan originators; (2) licensed principal managers; and (3) certain individuals associated with licensed loan brokers; to submit fingerprints to the commissioner every three years for use in criminal (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2009; January 1, 2010.

Burton, Bardon

(SENATE SPONSORS — STEELE, TAYLOR)

January 16, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions. February 19, 2009, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 23, 2009, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed. February 25, 2009, read third time, passed. Yeas 83, nays 13.

SENATE ACTION

March 3, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial

March 30, 2009, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



history background checks. Requires an applicant for licensure as a mortgage loan originator or as a principal manager to authorize the commissioner to obtain a consumer report concerning the applicant. Sets forth requirements for the written examination that each applicant for licensure as a mortgage loan originator or as a principal manager is required to take. Requires a licensee to renew the licensee's license annually, instead of biennially. Requires, rather than allows, the commissioner to deny, suspend, or revoke a license under certain circumstances. Increases the criminal penalty for violation of the loan broker statute from a Class D to a Class C felony. Provides that a violation is a Class B felony if the person damaged by the violation is at least 60 years of age. Requires a loan broker licensee to maintain a report of all residential mortgage loans originated by the licensee, including pending loans and loans that were not closed. Prohibits a person, in connection with a contract for loan brokerage services, from violating certain federal laws and regulations concerning residential mortgage lending. Provides that an individual who acts solely as a loan processor or underwriter shall not represent to the public that the individual may or will perform mortgage loan origination activities. Provides that the academic instruction that a person must complete to obtain or maintain a license must include specified hours of instruction in certain courses. Specifies that the written examination and academic instruction required for licensure as a mortgage loan originator or a principal manager must be approved by the NMLSR. Requires each loan broker licensee to submit periodic reports of condition to: (1) the commissioner; and (2) the NMLSR. Amends the uniform securities act to provide that: (1) a registered broker-dealer office that is selected to complete a compliance report shall file its report not later than 45 days (instead of 90 days under current law) after being notified of its selection; (2) a person who knowingly violates the act while using or taking advantage of a relationship based on religious affiliation or worship commits a Class B felony; and (3) a person who commits a fraud in connection with the offer, sale, or purchase of a security commits a Class B felony if the person damaged by the fraud is at least 60 years of age. Repeals a provision exempting certain persons from the loan broker statute.









First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1646

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning business and other associations.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION	1. IC	23-2-	5-3, AS	AMENI	DED	BY	P.L.145-20	008,
SECTION 10	, IS AME	ENDE	D TO R	EAD AS I	FOLI	OWS	S [EFFECT	IVE
JANUARY 1	, 2010]:	Sec. 3	3. (a) As	used in th	iis ch	apter	, "certifica	te of
registration"	-					-		
authorizing a	n individ	lual t	o:		•			

- (1) engage in origination activities on behalf of a licensee; or
- (2) act as a principal manager on behalf of a licensee.
- (b) (a) As used in this chapter, "loan broker license" means a license issued by the commissioner authorizing a person to engage in the loan brokerage business.
- (c) (b) As used in this chapter, "licensee" means a person that is issued a license under this chapter.
- (d) (c) As used in this chapter, "loan broker" means any person who, in return for any consideration from any source procures, attempts to procure, or assists in procuring, a residential mortgage loan from a

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1	third party or any other person, whether or not the person seeking the
2	loan actually obtains the loan. "Loan broker" does not include:
3	(1) any supervised financial organization (as defined in
4	IC 24-4.5-1-301(20)), including a bank, savings bank, trust
5	company, savings association, or credit union;
6	(2) any other financial institution that is:
7	(A) regulated by any agency of the United States or any state;
8	and
9	(B) regularly actively engaged in the business of making
.0	consumer loans that are not secured by real estate or taking
1	assignment of consumer sales contracts that are not secured by
2	real estate;
.3	(3) any insurance company;
4	(4) any person arranging financing for the sale of the person's
5	product; or
6	(5) a creditor that is licensed under IC 24-4.4-2-402.
7	(e) (d) As used in this chapter, "loan brokerage business" means a
. 8	person acting as a loan broker.
9	(f) (e) As used in this chapter, "mortgage loan origination
20	activities" means communication with or assistance of a borrower or
21	prospective borrower in the selection of loan products or terms.
22	performing any of the following activities for compensation or gain
23	in connection with a residential mortgage loan:
24	(1) Receiving or recording a borrower's or potential
25	borrower's residential mortgage loan application information
26	in any form for use in a credit decision by a creditor.
27	(2) Offering to negotiate or negotiating terms of a residential
28	mortgage loan.
29	(f) As used in this chapter, "borrower's residential mortgage
30	loan application information" means the address of the proposed
31	residential real property to be mortgaged and borrower's essential
32	personal and financial information necessary for an informed
33	credit decision to be made on the borrower's mortgage loan
34	application.
35	(g) As used in this chapter, "mortgage loan originator" means a
66	person an individual engaged in mortgage loan origination activities.
37	The term "originator" does not include a person who: performs
8	origination activities for any entity that is not a loan broker under
19	subsection (d).
10	(1) performs purely administrative or clerical tasks on behalf
.1	of a mortgage loan originator or acts as a loan processor or



underwriter;

1	(2) performs only real estate brokerage activities and is
2	licensed in accordance with IC 25-34.1 or the applicable laws
3	of another state, unless the person is compensated by a
4	creditor, a loan broker, a mortgage loan originator, or any
5	agent of a creditor, a loan broker, or a mortgage loan
6	originator; or
7	(3) is involved only in extensions of credit relating to time
8	share plans (as defined in 11 U.S.C. 101(53D)).
9	(h) As used in this chapter, "mortgage loan originator license"
10	means a license issued by the commissioner authorizing an
11	individual to act as a mortgage loan originator on behalf of a loan
12	broker licensee.
13	(h) (i) As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual, a
14	partnership, a trust, a corporation, a limited liability company, a limited
15	liability partnership, a sole proprietorship, a joint venture, a joint stock
16	company, or another group or entity, however organized.
17	(i) As used in this chapter, "registrant" means an individual who is
18	registered:
19	(1) to engage in origination activities under this chapter; or
20	(2) as a principal manager.
21	(j) As used in this chapter, "ultimate equitable owner" means a
22	person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls ten percent (10%)
23	or more of the equity interest in a loan broker licensed or required to be
24	licensed under this chapter, regardless of whether the person owns or
25	controls the equity interest through one (1) or more other persons or
26	one (1) or more proxies, powers of attorney, or variances.
27	(k) As used in this chapter, "principal manager" means an individual
28	who:
29	(1) has at least three (3) years of experience:
30	(A) as a loan broker; mortgage loan originator; or
31	(B) in financial services;
32	that is acceptable to the commissioner; and
33	(2) is principally responsible for the supervision and management
34	of the employees and business affairs of a loan broker licensee.
35	(l) As used in this chapter, "principal manager license" means
36	a license issued by the commissioner authorizing an individual to
37	act as:
38	(1) a principal manager; and
39	(2) a mortgage loan originator;
40	on behalf of a loan broker licensee.
41	(m) As used in this chapter, "bona fide third party fee", with
42	respect to a residential mortgage loan, includes any of the



1	following:	
2	(1) Fees for real estate appraisals. However, if the residential	
3	mortgage loan is governed by Title XI of the Financial	
4	Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act (12	
5	U.S.C. 3331 through 3352), the fee for an appraisal performed	
6	in connection with the loan is not a bona fide third party fee	
7	unless the appraisal is performed by a person that is licensed	
8	or certified under IC 25-34.1-3-8.	
9	(2) Fees for title examination, abstract of title, title insurance,	
0	property surveys, or similar purposes.	1
.1	(3) Notary and credit report fees.	
2	(4) Fees for the services provided by a loan broker in	
3	procuring possible business for a creditor if the fees are paid	
4	by the creditor.	
.5	(n) As used in this chapter, "branch office" means any fixed	
6	physical location from which a loan broker licensee holds itself out	4
7	as engaging in the loan brokerage business.	
8	(o) As used in this chapter, "loan processor or underwriter"	
9	means an individual who:	
20	(1) is employed by a loan broker licensee and acts at the	
21	direction of, and subject to the supervision of, the loan broker	
22	licensee or a licensed principal manager employed by the loan	
23	broker licensee; and	
24	(2) performs solely clerical or support duties on behalf of the	
25	loan broker licensee, including any of the following activities	
26	with respect to a residential mortgage loan application	
27	received by the loan broker licensee:	1
28	(A) The receipt, collection, distribution, and analysis of	
29	information commonly used in the processing or	1
0	underwriting of a residential mortgage loan.	
31	(B) Communicating with a borrower or potential borrower	
32	to obtain the information necessary for the processing or	
33	underwriting of a residential mortgage loan, to the extent	
34	that the communication does not include:	
35	(i) offering or negotiating loan rates or terms; or	
66	(ii) counseling borrowers or potential borrowers about	
37	residential mortgage loan rates or terms.	
8	(p) As used in this chapter, "real estate brokerage activity"	
9	means any activity that involves offering or providing real estate	
10	brokerage services to the public, including any of the following:	
1	(1) Acting as a real estate broker or salesperson for a buyer,	
12	seller, lessor, or lessee of real property.	



1	(2) Bringing together parties interested in the sale, lease, or
2	exchange of real property.
3	(3) Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any part of a contract
4	concerning the sale, lease, or exchange of real property, other
5	than in connection with obtaining or providing financing for
6	the transaction.
7	(4) Engaging in any activity for which the person performing
8	the activity is required to be licensed under IC 25-34.1 or the
9	applicable laws of another state.
10	(5) Offering to engage in any activity, or to act in any capacity
11	with respect to any activity, described in subdivisions (1)
12	through (4).
13	(q) As used in this chapter, "registered mortgage loan
14	originator" means a mortgage loan originator who:
15	(1) is an employee of:
16	(A) a depository institution;
17	(B) a subsidiary that is:
18	(i) owned and controlled by a depository institution; and
19	(ii) regulated by a federal financial institution regulatory
20	agency (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3350(6)); or
21	(C) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit
22	Administration; and
23	(2) is registered with and maintains a unique identifier with
24	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
25	(r) As used in this chapter, "residential mortgage loan" means
26	a loan that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other
27	consensual security interest on real estate in Indiana on which
28	there is located or intended to be constructed a dwelling (as defined
29	in the federal Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(v)) that is or
30	will be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.
31	(1) (s) As used in this chapter, "personal information" includes any
32	of the following:
33	(1) An individual's first and last names or first initial and last
34	name.
35	(2) Any of the following data elements:
36	(A) A Social Security number.
37	(B) A driver's license number.
38	(C) A state identification card number.
39	(D) A credit card number.
40	(E) A financial account number or debit card number in
41	combination with a security code, password, or access code
42	that would permit access to the person's account.



1	(3) With respect to an individual, any of the following:
2	(A) Address.
3	(B) Telephone number.
4	(C) Information concerning the individual's:
5	(i) income or other compensation;
6	(ii) credit history;
7	(iii) credit score;
8	(iv) assets;
9	(v) liabilities; or
10	(vi) employment history.
11	(m) (t) As used in this chapter, personal information is "encrypted"
12	if the personal information:
13	(1) has been transformed through the use of an algorithmic
14	process into a form in which there is a low probability of
15	assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or key;
16	or
17	(2) is secured by another method that renders the personal
18	information unreadable or unusable.
19	(n) (u) As used in this chapter, personal information is "redacted"
20	if the personal information has been altered or truncated so that not
21	more than the last four (4) digits of:
22	(1) a Social Security number;
23	(2) a driver's license number;
24	(3) a state identification number; or
25	(4) an account number;
26	are accessible as part of the personal information.
27	(v) As used in this chapter, "depository institution" has the
28	meaning set forth in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
29	1813(c)) and includes any credit union.
30	(w) As used in this chapter, "state licensed mortgage loan
31	originator" means any individual who:
32	(1) is a mortgage loan originator;
33	(2) is not an employee of:
34	(A) a depository institution;
35	(B) a subsidiary that is:
36	(i) owned and controlled by a depository institution; and
37	(ii) regulated by a federal financial institution regulatory
38	agency (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3350(6)); or
39	(C) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit
40	Administration;
41	(3) is licensed by a state or by the Secretary of the United
42	States Department of Housing and Urban Development under



1	Section 1508 of the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008
2	(Title V of P.L.110-289); and
3	(4) is registered as a mortgage loan originator with, and
4	maintains a unique identifier through, the Nationwide
5	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
6	(x) As used in this chapter, "unique identifier" means a number
7	or other identifier that:
8	(1) permanently identifies a mortgage loan originator; and
9	(2) is assigned by protocols established by the Nationwide
10	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and the federal
11	financial institution regulatory agencies to facilitate:
12	(A) the electronic tracking of mortgage loan originators;
13	and
14	(B) the uniform identification of, and public access to, the
15	employment history of and the publicly adjudicated
16	disciplinary and enforcement actions against mortgage
17	loan originators.
18	SECTION 2. IC 23-2-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
19	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. (a) A person may not engage in the loan
21	brokerage business in Indiana unless the person first obtains a loan
22	broker license from the commissioner. Any person desiring to engage
23	or continue in the loan brokerage business shall apply to the
24	commissioner for a loan broker license under this chapter.
25	(b) An individual may not perform origination activities act as a
26	mortgage loan originator in Indiana on behalf of a person licensed or
27	required to be licensed as a loan broker under this chapter unless the
28	individual first obtains a certificate of registration unique identifier
29	from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and
30	a mortgage loan originator license from the commissioner. An
31	individual desiring to engage in origination activities act as a
32	mortgage loan originator on behalf of a person licensed or required
33	to be licensed as a loan broker under this chapter shall apply to the
34	commissioner for registration a mortgage loan originator license
35	under this chapter.
36	(c) An individual may not act as a principal manager on behalf of a
37	person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this
38	chapter unless the individual first obtains a certificate of registration
39	unique identifier from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System
40	and Registry and a principal manager license from the

commissioner. Any individual desiring to act as a principal manager on behalf of a person licensed or required to be licensed **as a loan broker**



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1	under this chapter shall apply to the commissioner for registration a
2	principal manager license under this chapter.
3	(d) The commissioner may request evidence of compliance with this
4	section at any of the following times:
5	(1) The time of application for an initial (A) license. or (B)
6	certificate of registration.
7	(2) The time of renewal of a license. or certificate of registration.
8	(3) Any other time considered necessary by the commissioner.
9	(e) For purposes of subsection (d), evidence of compliance with this
10	section must include a criminal background check, including a national
11	criminal history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
12	Federal Bureau of Investigation.
13	(f) A unique identifier obtained by an individual from the
14	Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry under
15	subsection (b) or (c) may not be used for purposes other than those
16	set forth in the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (Title V
17	of P.L.110-289).
18	SECTION 3. IC 23-2-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
19	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 5. (a) An application for a loan broker
21	license or renewal of a loan broker license must contain:
22	(1) consent to service of process under subsection (h); (g);
23	(2) evidence of the bond required in subsection (e); (d);
24	(3) an application fee of four two hundred dollars (\$400), (\$200),
25	plus two one hundred dollars (\$200) (\$100) for each ultimate
26	equitable owner;
27	(4) an affidavit affirming that none of the applicant's ultimate
28	equitable owners, directors, managers, or officers have been
29	convicted, in any jurisdiction, of:
30	(A) any felony within the previous seven (7) years; or
31	(B) an offense involving fraud or deception that is punishable
32	by at least one (1) year of imprisonment;
33	unless such an affidavit is waived by the commissioner under
34	subsection (i); (h) ;
35	(5) evidence that the applicant, if the applicant is an individual,
36	has completed the education requirements under section 21 of this
37	chapter;
38	(6) the name and registration license number for each mortgage
39	loan originator to be employed by the licensee;
40	(7) the name and registration license number for each principal
41	manager; and
42	(8) for each ultimate equitable owner, the following information:



1	(A) The name of the ultimate equitable owner.	
2	(B) The address of the ultimate equitable owner, including the	
3	home address of the ultimate equitable owner if the ultimate	
4	equitable owner is an individual.	
5	(C) The telephone number of the ultimate equitable owner,	
6	including the home telephone number if the ultimate equitable	
7	owner is an individual.	
8	(D) The ultimate equitable owner's Social Security number and	
9	date of birth, if the ultimate equitable owner is an individual.	
10	(b) An application for registration licensure as an a mortgage loan	
11	originator shall be made on a registration form prescribed by the	
12	commissioner. The application must include the following information	
13	for the individual that seeks to be registered licensed as an a mortgage	
14	loan originator:	
15	(1) The name of the individual.	_
16	(2) The home address of the individual.	
17	(3) The home telephone number of the individual.	
18	(4) The individual's Social Security number and date of birth.	
19	(5) The name of the:	
20	(A) loan broker licensee; or	
21	(B) applicant for loan broker licensure;	
22	for whom the individual seeks to be employed as an a mortgage	
23	loan originator.	
24	(6) Consent to service of process under subsection (h). (g).	_
25	(7) Evidence that the individual has completed the education	
26	requirements described in section 21 of this chapter.	_
27	(8) An application fee of one hundred fifty dollars (\$100). (\$50).	
28	(9) All:	Y
29	(A) registration numbers previously issued to the individual	
30	under this chapter, if the applicant was registered as an	
31	originator or a principal manager under this chapter	
32	before July 1, 2009; and	
33	(B) license numbers previously issued to the individual	
34	under this chapter, if applicable.	
35	(c) An application for registration licensure as a principal manager	
36	shall be made on a registration form prescribed by the commissioner.	
37	The application must include the following information for the	
38	individual who seeks to be registered licensed as a principal manager:	
39	(1) The name of the individual.	
40	(2) The home address of the individual.	
41	(3) The home telephone number of the individual.	
42	(4) The individual's Social Security number and date of birth.	



1	(5) The name of the:
2	(A) loan broker licensee; or
3	(B) applicant for loan broker licensure;
4	for whom the individual seeks to be employed as a principal
5	manager.
6	(6) Consent to service of process under subsection (h). (g).
7	(7) Evidence that the individual has completed the education
8	requirements described in section 21 of this chapter.
9	(8) Evidence that the individual has at least three (3) years of
10	experience in the:
11	(A) loan brokerage; or
12	(B) financial services;
13	business.
14	(9) An application fee of two one hundred dollars (\$200). (\$100).
15	(10) All:
16	(A) registration numbers previously issued to the individual
17	under this chapter, if the applicant was registered as an
18	originator or a principal manager under this chapter
19	before July 1, 2009; and
20	(B) license numbers previously issued to the individual
21	under this chapter, if applicable.
22	(d) The commissioner shall require an applicant for registration as:
23	(1) an originator under subsection (b); or
24	(2) a principal manager under subsection (c);
25	to pass a written examination prepared and administered by the
26	commissioner or an agent appointed by the commissioner.
27	(e) (d) A loan broker licensee must maintain a bond satisfactory to
28	the commissioner, which must cover the activities of each licensed
29	mortgage loan originator and licensed principal manager
30	employed by the loan broker licensee. The bond must be in one (1)
31	of the amount of: following amounts, depending on the total amount
32	of residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in the
33	previous calendar year:
34	(1) Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) which if the total amount of
35	residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in
36	the previous calendar year was not greater than five million
37	dollars (\$5,000,000).
38	(2) Sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) if the total amount of
39	residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in
40	the previous calendar year was greater than five million
41	dollars (\$5,000,000) but not greater than twenty million
12	dollars (\$20,000,000)



1	(3) Seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) if the total amount
2	of residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in
3	the previous calendar year was greater than twenty million
4	dollars (\$20,000,000).
5	The bond shall be in favor of the state and shall secure payment of
6	damages to any person aggrieved by any violation of this chapter by the
7	licensee or any licensed mortgage loan originator or licensed
8	principal manager employed by the licensee.
9	(f) (e) The commissioner shall issue a license and license number
10	to an applicant that for a loan broker license, a mortgage loan
11	originator license, or a principal manager license if the applicant
12	meets the applicable licensure requirements of set forth in this
13	chapter. Whenever the registration provisions of this chapter have been
14	complied with, the commissioner shall issue a certificate of registration
15	and registration number authorizing the registrant to:
16	(1) engage in origination activities; or
17	(2) act as a principal manager;
18	whichever applies.
19	(g) (f) Licenses and initial certificates of registration issued by the
20	commissioner are valid until January 1 of under this chapter expire
21	on December 31 of the second year after issuance. in which they are
22	issued.
23	(h) (g) Every applicant for licensure or registration or for renewal
24	of a license or a registration shall file with the commissioner, in such
25	form as the commissioner by rule or order prescribes, an irrevocable
26	consent appointing the secretary of state to be the applicant's agent to
27	receive service of any lawful process in any noncriminal suit, action,
28	or proceeding against the applicant arising from the violation of any
29	provision of this chapter. Service shall be made in accordance with the
30	Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
31	(i) (h) Upon good cause shown, the commissioner may waive the
32	requirements of subsection (a)(4) for one (1) or more of an applicant's
33	ultimate equitable owners, directors, managers, or officers.
34	(j) (i) Whenever an initial or a renewal application for a license or
35	registration is denied or withdrawn, the commissioner shall retain the
36	initial or renewal application fee paid.
37	(k) (j) At the time of application for an initial license under this
38	chapter, the commissioner shall require each:
39	(1) equitable owner, in the case of an applicant for a loan
40	broker license;
41	(2) individual described in subsection (a)(4), in the case of an



applicant for a loan broker license; and

1	(3) applicant for registration licensure as:	
2	(A) an a mortgage loan originator; or	
3	(B) a principal manager;	
4	to submit fingerprints for a national criminal history background check	
5	(as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the Federal Bureau of Investigation,	
6	for use by the commissioner in determining whether the equitable	
7	owner, the individual described in subsection (a)(4), or the applicant	
8	should be denied licensure or registration under this chapter for any	
9	reason set forth in section 10(c) or 10(d) of this chapter. The equitable	
10	owner, individual described in subsection (a)(4), or applicant shall pay	1
11	any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and background check	
12	required under this subsection. The commissioner may not release the	
13	results of a background check described in this subsection to any	
14	private entity.	
15	(k) Every three (3) years, beginning with the third calendar year	
16	following the calendar year in which an initial license is issued	4
17	under this chapter, the commissioner shall require each:	
18	(1) equitable owner, in the case of a loan broker licensee;	
19	(2) individual described in subsection (a)(4), in the case of a	
20	loan broker licensee; and	
21	(3) licensed:	
22	(A) mortgage loan originator; or	
23	(B) principal manager;	
24	to submit fingerprints for a national criminal history background	•
25	check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the Federal Bureau of	
26	Investigation, for use by the commissioner in determining whether	_
27	the equitable owner, the individual described in subsection (a)(4),	1
28	or the licensee should be denied continued licensure under this	
29	chapter for any reason set forth in section 10(c) of this chapter.	1
30	The equitable owner, individual described in subsection (a)(4), or	
31	licensee shall pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints	
32	and background check required under this subsection. The	
33	commissioner may not release the results of a background check	
34	described in this subsection to any private entity.	
35	(l) The commissioner shall require each applicant for licensure	
36	as:	
37	(1) a mortgage loan originator; or	
38	(2) a principal manager;	
39	to submit written authorization for the commissioner or an agent	
40	of the commissioner to obtain a consumer report (as defined in	
41	IC 24-5-24-2) concerning the applicant.	
12	(m) In reviewing a consumer report obtained under subsection	



1	(l), the commissioner may consider one (1) or more of the following
2	in determining whether an individual described in subsection (1)
3	has demonstrated financial responsibility:
4	(1) Bankruptcies filed by the individual within the most recent
5	ten (10) years.
6	(2) Current outstanding civil judgments against the
7	individual, except judgments resulting solely from medical
8	expenses owed by the individual.
9	(3) Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens or
10	filings.
11	(4) Foreclosure actions filed within the most recent three (3)
12	years against property owned by the individual.
13	(5) Any pattern of seriously delinquent accounts associated
14	with the individual during the most recent three (3) years.
15	SECTION 4. IC 23-2-5-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
16	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The commissioner shall require an
18	applicant for licensure as:
19	(1) a mortgage loan originator under section 5(b) of this
20	chapter; or
21	(2) a principal manager under section 5(c) of this chapter;
22	to pass a written examination prepared and administered by the
23	commissioner or an agent appointed by the commissioner and
24	approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
25	Registry.
26	(b) The written examination required by this section must
27	measure the applicant's knowledge and comprehension in
28	appropriate subject areas, including the following:
29	(1) Ethics.
30	(2) Federal laws and regulations concerning the origination of
31	residential mortgage loans.
32	(3) State laws and rules concerning the origination of
33	residential mortgage loans.
34	(c) An individual who answers at least seventy-five percent
35	(75%) of the questions on the written examination correctly is
36	considered to have passed the examination.
37	(d) An individual who does not pass the written examination
38	may retake the examination up to two (2) additional times, with
39	each subsequent attempt occurring at least thirty (30) days after
40	the individual last sat for the examination. If an individual fails
41	three (3) consecutive examinations, the individual must wait to

retake the examination until at least six (6) months after the



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1	individual sat for the third examination.
2	(e) If an individual who has been issued a mortgage loan
3	originator license or a principal manager license under this
4	chapter:
5	(1) allows the individual's license to lapse; or
6	(2) otherwise does not maintain a valid license under this
7	chapter;
8	for a period of at least five (5) years, the individual must retake the
9	written examination required by this section.
10	SECTION 5. IC 23-2-5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
11	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 6. A loan broker licensee may not continue
13	engaging in the loan brokerage business unless the licensee's license is
14	renewed biennially. annually. A registrant mortgage loan originator
15	licensee or a principal manager licensee may not continue acting as:
16	(1) engaging in origination activities; a mortgage loan
17	originator; or
18	(2) acting as a principal manager;
19	unless the registrant's certificate of registration licensee's license is
20	renewed biennially. A licensee under this chapter shall
21	renew its license by filing with the commissioner, at least thirty (30)
22	days before the expiration of the license, an application containing any
23	information the commissioner may require to indicate any material
24	change from the information contained in the applicant's original
25	application or any previous application. A registrant may renew the
26	registrant's certificate of registration by filing with the commissioner,
27	at least thirty (30) days before the expiration of the registration, an
28	application containing any information the commissioner may require
29	to indicate any material change from the information contained in the
30	applicant's original application or any previous application.
31	SECTION 6. IC 23-2-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.27-2007,
32	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 7. (a) The loan broker regulation account is
34	created in the state general fund. The money in the loan broker
35	regulation account may be used only for the regulation of loan brokers,
36	mortgage loan originators, and principal managers under this
37	chapter. The loan broker regulation account shall be administered by

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), all fees and funds accruing from the administration of this chapter shall be accounted for by the

the treasurer of state. The money in the loan broker regulation account

does not revert to any other account within the state general fund at the



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end of a state fiscal year.

1	commissioner and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state who
2	shall deposit them in the loan broker regulation account in the state
3	general fund.
4	(c) All expenses incurred in the administration of this chapter shall
5	be paid from appropriations made from the state general fund.
6	However, costs of investigations incurred under this chapter shall be
7	paid from, and civil penalties recovered under this chapter shall be
8	deposited in, the securities division enforcement account created under
9	IC 23-19-6-1(f). The funds in the securities division enforcement
10	account shall be available, with the approval of the budget agency, to
11	augment and supplement the funds appropriated for the administration
12	of this chapter.
13	SECTION 7. IC 23-2-5-9.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.230-2007,
14	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 9.1. (a) As used in this section, "appraisal
16	company" means a person business entity that: employs or retains the
17	services of one (1) or more real estate appraisers.
18	(1) performs real estate appraisals on a regular basis for
19	compensation through one (1) or more owners, officers,
20	employees, or agents; or
21	(2) holds itself out to the public as performing real estate
22	appraisals.
23	(b) As used in this section, "immediate family", with respect to an individual, refers to:
2425	(1) the individual's spouse who resides in the individual's
26	household; and
27	(2) any dependent child of the individual.
28	(c) As used in this section, "real estate appraiser" means a person
29	who:
30	(1) is licensed as a real estate broker under IC 25-34.1 and
31	performs real estate appraisals within the scope of the person's
32	license; or
33	(2) holds a real estate appraiser license or certificate issued under
34	IC 25-34.1-8. IC 25-34.1-3-8; or
35	(3) otherwise performs real estate appraisals in Indiana.
36	(d) A person licensed or registered under this chapter, or a person
50	(a) 11 person necessed of registered under this enapter, of a person

- (d) A person licensed or registered under this chapter, or a person required to be licensed or registered under this chapter, shall not knowingly bribe, coerce, or intimidate another person to corrupt or improperly influence the independent judgment of a real estate appraiser with respect to the value of any real estate offered as security for a residential mortgage loan.
 - (e) Except as provided in subsection (f): after June 30, 2007:



1	(1) a person licensed or registered under this chapter, or a person
2	required to be licensed or registered under this chapter;
3	(2) a member of the immediate family of:
4	(A) a person licensed or registered under this chapter; or
5	(B) a person required to be licensed or registered under this
6	chapter; or
7	(3) a person described in subdivision (1) or (2) in combination
8	with one (1) or more other persons described in subdivision (1) or
9	(2);
10	may not own or control a majority interest in an appraisal company.
11	(f) This subsection applies to a person or combination of persons
12	described in subsection (e) who own or control a majority interest in an
13	appraisal company on June 30, 2007. The prohibition set forth in
14	subsection (e) does not apply to a person or combination of persons
15	described in this subsection, subject to the following:
16	(1) The interest in the appraisal company owned or controlled by
17	the person or combination of persons described in subsection (e)
18	shall not be increased after June 30, 2007.
19	(2) The interest of a person licensed or registered under this
20	chapter, or of a person required to be licensed or registered under
21	this chapter, shall not be transferred to a member of the person's
22	immediate family.
23	(3) If the commissioner determines that any person or
24	combination of persons described in subsection (e) has violated
25	this chapter, the commissioner may order one (1) or more of the
26	persons to divest their interest in the appraisal company. The
27	commissioner may exercise the remedy provided by this
28	subdivision in addition to, or as a substitute for, any other remedy
29	available to the commissioner under this chapter.
30	SECTION 8. IC 23-2-5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
31	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 10. (a) Whenever it appears to the
33	commissioner that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in an
34	act or a practice constituting a violation of this chapter or a rule or an
35	order under this chapter, the commissioner may investigate and may
36	issue, with a prior hearing if there exists no substantial threat of
37	immediate irreparable harm or without a prior hearing, if there exists
38	a substantial threat of immediate irreparable harm, orders and notices
39	as the commissioner determines to be in the public interest, including
40	cease and desist orders, orders to show cause, and notices. After notice

and hearing, the commissioner may enter an order of rescission,

restitution, or disgorgement, including interest at the rate of eight



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1	percent (8%) per year, directed to a person who has violated this
2	chapter or a rule or order under this chapter.
3	(b) Upon the issuance of an order or notice without a prior hearing
4	by the commissioner under subsection (a), the commissioner shall
5	promptly notify the respondent and, if the subject of the order or notice
6	is a registrant, mortgage loan originator licensee or a principal
7	manager licensee, the loan broker licensee for whom the registrant
8	mortgage loan originator or principal manager is employed:
9	(1) that the order or notice has been issued;
10	(2) of the reasons the order or notice has been issued; and
11	(3) that upon the receipt of a written request the matter will be set
12	down for a hearing to commence within not later than fifteen
13	(15) business days after receipt of the request if the original
14	order issued by the commissioner was a summary suspension,
15	summary revocation, or denial of a license and not later than
16	forty-five (45) business days after receipt of the request for all
17	other orders unless the respondent consents to a later date.
18	If a hearing is not requested and not ordered by the commissioner, an
19	order remains in effect until it is modified or vacated by the
20	commissioner. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the commissioner,
21	after notice of an opportunity for hearing, may modify or vacate the
22	order or extend it until final determination.
23	(c) The commissioner may deny an application for an initial or a
24	renewal license, or registration, and may suspend or revoke the license
25	of a licensee or the registration of a registrant if the applicant, the
26	licensee, the registrant, or an ultimate equitable owner of an applicant
27	for a loan broker license or of a loan broker licensee:
28	(1) fails to maintain the bond required under section 5 of this
29	chapter;
30	(2) (1) has, within the most recent ten (10) years:
31	(A) been the subject of an adjudication or a determination by:
32	(i) a court with jurisdiction; or
33	(ii) an agency or administrator that regulates securities,
34	commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real
35	estate, or the real estate appraisal industry;
36	in Indiana or in any other jurisdiction; and
37	(B) been found, after notice and opportunity for hearing, to
38	have violated the securities, commodities, banking, financial
39	services, insurance, real estate, or real estate appraisal laws of
40	Indiana or any other jurisdiction;
41	(3) (2) except as provided in subsection (d)(1) with respect to
42	the loan brokerage business, has:



1	(A) been denied the right to do business in the securities,	
2	commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real	
3	estate, or real estate appraisal industry; or	
4	(B) had the person's authority to do business in the securities,	
5	commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real	
6	estate, or real estate appraisal industry revoked or suspended;	
7	by Indiana or by any other state, federal, or foreign governmental	
8	agency or self regulatory organization;	
9	(4) (3) is insolvent;	
10	(5) (4) has violated any provision of this chapter;	
11	(6) (5) has knowingly filed with the commissioner any document	
12	or statement that:	
13	(A) contains a false representation of a material fact;	
14	(B) fails to state a material fact; or	
15	(C) contains a representation that becomes false after the filing	
16	but during the term of a license or certificate of registration as	
17	provided in subsection (i); (j);	
18	(7) (6) has (A) been convicted, within ten (10) years before the	
19	date of the application, renewal, or review, of any crime, other	
20	than a felony, involving fraud or deceit; or (B) had a felony	
21	conviction (as defined in IC 35-50-2-1(b)) within five (5) years	
22	before the date of the application, renewal, or review;	0
23	(8) (7) if the person is a loan broker licensee or a principal	
24	manager, has failed to reasonably supervise the person's	_
25	mortgage loan originators or employees to ensure their	
26	compliance with this chapter;	
27	(9) (8) is on the most recent tax warrant list supplied to the	
28	commissioner by the department of state revenue; or	
29	(10) (9) has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the	
30	loan brokerage business, as determined by the	
31	commissioner.	
32	(d) The commissioner shall deny an application for an initial or	
33	a renewal license and shall revoke the license of a licensee if the	
34	applicant, the licensee, or an ultimate equitable owner of an	
35	applicant for a loan broker license or of a loan broker licensee: (1) has had a:	
36 37		
38	(A) loan broker license issued under this chapter;(B) mortgage loan originator license issued under this	
39	chapter;	
10	(C) principal manager license issued under this chapter; or	
+0 41	(D) license that is:	
12	(i) equivalent to a license described in clause (A) (P) or	



1	(C); and	
2	(ii) issued by another jurisdiction;	
3	revoked by the commissioner or the appropriate regulatory	
4	agency in another jurisdiction, whichever applies;	
5	(2) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere	
6	to a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military court:	
7	(A) during the seven (7) year period immediately preceding	
8	the date of the application or review; or	
9	(B) at any time preceding the date of the application or	
10	review if the felony involved an act of fraud or dishonesty,	
11	a breach of trust, or money laundering;	
12	(3) fails to maintain the bond required under section 5(d) of	
13	this chapter;	
14	(4) fails to demonstrate the financial responsibility, character,	
15	and general fitness necessary to:	
16	(A) command the confidence of the community in which	
17	the applicant or licensee engages or will engage in the loan	
18	brokerage business; and	
19	(B) warrant a determination by the commissioner that the	
20	applicant or licensee will operate honestly, fairly, and	
21	efficiently within the purposes of this chapter;	
22	(5) has failed to meet the education requirements set forth in	
23	section 21 of this chapter;	
24	(6) has failed to pass the written examination required by	-
25	section 5.5 of this chapter; or	
26	(7) fails to:	
27	(A) keep or maintain records in accordance with section 18	
28	of this chapter; or	V
29	(B) allow the commissioner or an agent appointed by the	
30	commissioner to inspect or examine a loan broker	
31	licensee's books and records to determine compliance with	
32	section 18 of this chapter.	
33	(d) (e) The commissioner may do either of the following:	
34	(1) Censure:	
35	(A) a licensee;	
36	(B) an officer, a director, or an ultimate equitable owner of a	
37	loan broker licensee; or	
38	(C) a registrant; or	
39	(D) (C) any other person;	
40	who violates or causes a violation of this chapter.	
41	(2) Permanently bar any person described in subdivision (1) from	
42	being:	



1	(A) licensed or registered under this chapter; or
2	(B) employed by or affiliated with a person licensed or
3	registered under this chapter;
4	if the person violates or causes a violation of this chapter.
5	(e) (f) The commissioner may not enter a final order:
6	(1) denying, suspending, or revoking the license of an applicant
7	or a licensee; or the registration of a registrant; or
8	(2) imposing other sanctions;
9	without prior notice to all interested parties, opportunity for a hearing,
0	and written findings of fact and conclusions of law. However, the
.1	commissioner may by summary order deny, suspend, or revoke a
2	license or certificate of registration pending final determination of any
.3	proceeding under this section or before any proceeding is initiated
4	under this section. Upon the entry of a summary order, the
.5	commissioner shall promptly notify all interested parties that the
6	summary order has been entered, of the reasons for the summary order,
.7	and that upon receipt by the commissioner of a written request from a
. 8	party, the matter will be set for hearing to commence within fifteen
9	(15) not later than forty-five (45) business days after receipt of the
20	request. If no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the
2.1	commissioner, the order remains in effect until it is modified or vacated
22	by the commissioner. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the
23	commissioner, after notice of the hearing has been given to all
24	interested persons and the hearing has been held, may modify or vacate
25	the order or extend it until final determination.
26	(f) (g) IC 4-21.5 does not apply to a proceeding under this section.
27	(g) (h) If a registrant mortgage loan originator licensee or a
28	principal manager licensee seeks to transfer the registrant's
29	registration licensee's license to another loan broker licensee who
30	desires to have the registrant engage in origination activities mortgage
31	loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee act as a
32	mortgage loan originator or serve as a principal manager, whichever
3	applies, the registrant mortgage loan originator licensee or principal
4	manager licensee shall, before the registrant conducts origination
55	activities mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager
56	licensee acts as a mortgage loan originator or serves as a principal
57	manager for the new employer, submit to the commissioner, on a form
8	prescribed by the commissioner, a registration license application, as
19	required by section 5 of this chapter.
10	(h) (i) If the employment of a registrant mortgage loan originator
-1	licensee or principal manager licensee is terminated, whether:

(1) voluntarily by the registrant; mortgage loan originator



1	licensee or principal manager licensee; or
2	(2) by the loan broker licensee employing the registrant;
3	mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager
4	licensee;
5	the loan broker licensee that employed the registrant mortgage loan
6	originator licensee or principal manager licensee shall, not later than
7	five (5) days after the termination, notify the commissioner of the
8	termination and the reasons for the termination.
9	(i) (j) If a material fact or statement included in an application under
10	this chapter changes after the application has been submitted, the
11	applicant shall provide written notice to the commissioner of the
12	change. The commissioner may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew the a
13	license or registration of applied for or held by any person who:
14	(1) is required to submit a written notice under this subsection
15	and fails to provide the required notice within two (2) business
16	days after the person discovers or should have discovered the
17	change; or
18	(2) would not qualify for licensure or registration under this
19	chapter as a result of the change in a material fact or statement.
20	SECTION 9. IC 23-2-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
21	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 11. (a) The commissioner may do the
23	following:
24	(1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.
25	(2) Make investigations and examinations:
26	(A) in connection with any application for licensure or for
27	registration of a licensee or registrant under this chapter or
28	with any license or certificate of registration already granted;
29	or
30	(B) whenever it appears to the commissioner, upon the basis
31	of a complaint or information, that reasonable grounds exist
32	for the belief that an investigation or examination is necessary
33	or advisable for the more complete protection of the interests
34	of the public.
35	(3) Charge as costs of investigation or examination all reasonable
36	expenses, including a per diem prorated upon the salary of the
37	commissioner or employee and actual traveling and hotel
38	expenses. All reasonable expenses are to be paid by the party or
39	parties under investigation or examination if the party has violated
40	this chapter.
41	(4) Issue notices and orders, including cease and desist notices
42	and orders, after making an investigation or examination under



1	subdivision (2). The commissioner may also bring an action on
2	behalf of the state to enjoin a person from violating this chapter.
3	The commissioner shall notify the person that an order or notice
4	has been issued, the reasons for it, and that a hearing will be set
5	within not later than fifteen (15) business days after the
6	commissioner receives a written request from the person
7	requesting a hearing if the original order issued by the
8	commissioner was a summary suspension, summary
9	revocation, or denial of a license and not later than forty-five
10	(45) business days after the commissioner receives a written
11	request from the person requesting a hearing for all other orders.
12	(5) Sign all orders, official certifications, documents, or papers
13	issued under this chapter or delegate the authority to sign any of
14	those items to a deputy.
15	(6) Hold and conduct hearings.
16	(7) Hear evidence.
17	(8) Conduct inquiries with or without hearings.
18	(9) Receive reports of investigators or other officers or employees
19	of the state of Indiana or of any municipal corporation or
20	governmental subdivision within the state.
21	(10) Administer oaths, or cause them to be administered.
22	(11) Subpoena witnesses, and compel them to attend and testify.
23	(12) Compel the production of books, records, and other
24	documents.
25	(13) Order depositions to be taken of any witness residing within
26	or without the state. The depositions shall be taken in the manner
27	prescribed by law for depositions in civil actions and made
28	returnable to the commissioner.
29	(14) Order that each witness appearing under the commissioner's
30	order to testify before the commissioner shall receive the fees and
31	mileage allowances provided for witnesses in civil cases.
32	(15) Provide interpretive opinions or issue determinations that the
33	commissioner will not institute a proceeding or an action under
34	this chapter against a specified person for engaging in a specified
35	act, practice, or course of business if the determination is
36	consistent with this chapter. The commissioner may adopt rules
37	to establish fees for individuals requesting an interpretive opinion
38	or a determination under this subdivision. A person may not
39	request an interpretive opinion or a determination concerning an
40	activity that:
41	(A) occurred before; or
42	(B) is occurring on;



1	the date the opinion or determination is requested.	
2	(16) Subject to subsection (f), designate a multistate automated	
3	licensing system and repository, established and operated by a	
4	third party, to serve as the sole entity responsible for:	
5	(A) processing applications for:	
6	(i) licenses and certificates of registration under this chapter;	
7	and	
8	(ii) renewals of licenses and certificates of registration under	
9	this chapter; and	
10	(B) performing other services that the commissioner	4
11	determines are necessary for the orderly administration of the	
12	division's licensing and registration system.	'
13	A multistate automated licensing system and repository described	
14	in this subdivision may include the National Nationwide	
15	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry established by the	
16	Conference of State Bank Supervisors and the American	
17	Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators. The	
18	commissioner may take any action necessary to allow the division	·
19	to participate in a multistate automated licensing system and	
20	repository.	
21	(b) If a witness, in any hearing, inquiry, or investigation conducted	_
22	under this chapter, refuses to answer any question or produce any item,	
23	the commissioner may file a written petition with the circuit or superior	
24	court in the county where the hearing, investigation, or inquiry in	
25	question is being conducted requesting a hearing on the refusal. The	
26	court shall hold a hearing to determine if the witness may refuse to	
27	answer the question or produce the item. If the court determines that	1
28	the witness, based upon the witness's privilege against	'
29	self-incrimination, may properly refuse to answer or produce an item,	•
30	the commissioner may make a written request that the court grant use	•
31	immunity to the witness. Upon written request of the commissioner, the	
32	court shall grant use immunity to a witness. The court shall instruct the	
33	witness, by written order or in open court, that:	
34	(1) any evidence the witness gives, or evidence derived from that	
35	evidence, may not be used in any criminal proceedings against	
36	that witness, unless the evidence is volunteered by the witness or	
37	is not responsive to a question; and	
38	(2) the witness must answer the questions asked and produce the	
39	items requested.	
40	A grant of use immunity does not prohibit evidence that the witness	
41	gives in a hearing, investigation, or inquiry from being used in a	

prosecution for perjury under IC 35-44-2-1. If a witness refuses to give



1	the evidence after the witness has been granted use immunity, the court
2	may find the witness in contempt.
3	(c) In any prosecution, action, suit, or proceeding based upon or
4	arising out of this chapter, the commissioner may sign a certificate
5	showing compliance or noncompliance with this chapter by any person.
6	This shall constitute prima facie evidence of compliance or
7	noncompliance with this chapter and shall be admissible in evidence
8	in any action at law or in equity to enforce this chapter.
9	(d) If:
10	(1) a person disobeys any lawful:
11	(A) subpoena issued under this chapter; or
12	(B) order or demand requiring the production of any books,
13	accounts, papers, records, documents, or other evidence or
14	information as provided in this chapter; or
15	(2) a witness refuses to:
16	(A) appear when subpoenaed;
17	(B) testify to any matter about which the witness may be
18	lawfully interrogated; or
19	(C) take or subscribe to any oath required by this chapter;
20	the circuit or superior court of the county in which the hearing, inquiry,
21	or investigation in question is held, if demand is made or if, upon
22	written petition, the production is ordered to be made, or the
23	commissioner or a hearing officer appointed by the commissioner, shall
24	compel compliance with the lawful requirements of the subpoena,
25	order, or demand, compel the production of the necessary or required
26	books, papers, records, documents, and other evidence and
27	information, and compel any witness to attend in any Indiana county
28	and to testify to any matter about which the witness may lawfully be
29	interrogated, and to take or subscribe to any oath required.
30	(e) If a person fails, refuses, or neglects to comply with a court order
31	under this section, the person shall be punished for contempt of court.
32	(f) The commissioner's authority to designate a multistate automated
33	licensing system and repository under subsection (a)(16) is subject to
34	the following:
35	(1) The commissioner may not require any person exempt from
36	licensure or registration that is not required to be licensed under
37	this chapter, or any employee or agent of an exempt a person that
38	is not required to be licensed under this chapter, to:
39	(A) submit information to; or
40	(B) participate in;
41	the multistate automated licensing system and repository.
42	(2) The commissioner may require a person required under this



1	chapter to submit information to the multistate automated
2	licensing system and repository to pay a processing fee considered
3	reasonable by the commissioner.
4	SECTION 10. IC 23-2-5-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2007,
5	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 16. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a
7	person who knowingly violates this chapter commits a Class D Class
8	C felony.
9	(b) A person who knowingly violates this chapter commits a
10	Class B felony if the person damaged by the violation is at least
11	sixty (60) years of age.
12	(b) (c) A person commits a Class C felony if the person knowingly
13	makes or causes to be made:
14	(1) in any document filed with or sent to the commissioner or the
15	securities division; or
16	(2) in any proceeding, investigation, or examination under this
17	chapter;
18	any statement that is, at the time and in the light of the circumstances
19	under which it is made, false or misleading in any material respect.
20	SECTION 11. IC 23-2-5-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,
21	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18. (a) Each loan broker agreement shall be
23	given an account number. Each person licensed as a loan broker or
24	required to be licensed as a loan broker under this chapter shall keep
25	and maintain the following records or their electronic equivalent:
26	(1) A file for each borrower or proposed borrower that contains
27	the following:
28	(A) The name and address of the borrower or any proposed
29	borrower.
30	(B) A copy of the signed loan broker agreement.
31	(C) A copy of any other papers or instruments used in
32	connection with the loan broker agreement and signed by the
33	borrower or any proposed borrower.
34	(D) If a loan was obtained for the borrower, the name and
35	address of the creditor.
36	(E) If a loan is accepted by the borrower, a copy of the loan
37	agreement.
38	(F) The amount of the loan broker's fee that the borrower has
39	paid. If there is an unpaid balance, the status of any collection
40	efforts.
41	(2) All receipts from or for the account of borrowers or any
12	proposed borrowers and all disbursements to or for the account of



1	borrowers or any proposed borrowers, recorded so that the	
2	transactions are readily identifiable.	
3	(3) A general ledger that shall be posted at least monthly, and a	
4	trial balance sheet and profit and loss statement prepared within	
5	thirty (30) days of the commissioner's request for the information.	
6	(4) A sample of:	
7	(A) all advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, letters, articles,	
8	or communications published in any newspaper, magazine, or	
9	periodical;	
10	(B) scripts of any recording, radio, or television	
11	announcement; and	
12	(C) any sales kits or literature;	
13	to be used in solicitation of borrowers.	
14	(5) A report that lists all residential mortgage loans, including	
15	pending loans and loans that were not closed, originated by	
16	the loan broker. The report required by this subdivision must	
17	be searchable by, or organized according to, the borrower's	
18	last name and must include the following information for each	
19	residential mortgage loan listed:	
20	(A) The name and address of the borrower or potential	
21	borrower.	
22	(B) The name of the creditor.	
23	(C) The name of the mortgage loan originator.	
24	(D) The loan amount.	
25	(E) The status of the loan, including the date of closing or	
26	denial by the creditor.	_
27	(F) The interest rate for the loan.	
28	The report required by this subdivision may be prepared or	N'
29	produced by or through the loan broker's loan origination	
30	software or other software used by the loan broker in its loan	
31	brokerage business.	
32	(b) The records listed in subsection (a) shall be kept for a period of	
33	two (2) years in the loan broker's principal office of the loan broker	
34	in which the loan was originated and must be separate or readily	
35	identifiable from the records of any other business that is conducted in	
36	the office of the loan broker. If the office in which any records are	
37	required to be kept under this subsection is located outside	
38	Indiana, the records must be:	
39	(1) made available at a location that is:	
40	(A) located in Indiana; and	
41	(B) accessible to the securities division; or	
42	(2) maintained electronically and made available to the	



1	securities division not later than ten (10) business days after
2	a request by the securities division to inspect or examine the
3	records.
4	(c) If a breach of the security of any records:
5	(1) maintained by a loan broker under this section; and
6	(2) containing the unencrypted, unredacted personal information
7	of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective borrowers;
8	occurs, the loan broker is subject to the disclosure requirements under
9	IC 24-4.9-3, unless the loan broker is exempt from the disclosure
10	requirements under IC 24-4.9-3-4.
11	(d) A person who is (1) licensed or required to be licensed under
12	this chapter or (2) registered or required to be registered under this
13	chapter; may not dispose of the unencrypted, unredacted personal
14	information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective borrowers
15	without first shredding, incinerating, mutilating, erasing, or otherwise
16	rendering the information illegible or unusable.
17	SECTION 12. IC 23-2-5-18.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.230-2007,
18	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18.5. Whenever a person licensed or
20	registered under this chapter, or a person required to be licensed or
21	registered under this chapter, has possession of funds belonging to
22	others, including money received by or on behalf of a prospective
23	borrower, the person licensed or registered under this chapter, or
24	required to be licensed or registered under this chapter, shall:
25	(1) upon request of the prospective borrower, account for any
26	funds handled for the prospective borrower;
27	(2) follow any reasonable and lawful instructions from the
28	prospective borrower concerning the prospective borrower's
29	funds; and
30	(3) return any unspent funds of the prospective borrower to the
31	prospective borrower in a timely manner.
32	SECTION 13. IC 23-2-5-18.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
33	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18.7. Each loan broker
35	licensee shall submit, at such times as the commissioner may
36	require, reports of condition to:
37	(1) the commissioner; and
38	(2) the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
39	A report required by this section shall be in such form and contain
40	such information as the commissioner may require.
41	SECTION 14. IC 23-2-5-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,

SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 20. (a) A person shall not, in connection with a	
2	contract for the services of a loan broker, either directly or indirectly,	
3	do any of the following:	
4	(1) Employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud.	
5	(2) Make any untrue statements of a material fact or omit to state	
6	a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in	
7 8	the light of circumstances under which they are made, not	
9	misleading.	
10	(3) Engage in any act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person.	4
11	(4) Collect or solicit any consideration, except a bona fide third	
12	party fee, in connection with a loan until the loan has been closed.	
13	(5) Receive any funds if the person knows that the funds were	
14	generated as a result of a fraudulent act.	
15	(6) File or cause to be filed with a county recorder any document	
16	that the person knows:	
17	(A) contains:	
18	(i) a misstatement; or	
19	(ii) an untrue statement;	
20	of a material fact; or	
21	(B) omits a statement of a material fact that is necessary to	
22	make the statements that are made, in the light of	
23	circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.	
24	(7) Knowingly release or disclose the unencrypted, unredacted	
25	personal information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective	
26	borrowers, unless the personal information is used in an activity	
27	authorized by the borrower or prospective borrower under one (1)	
28	or more of the following circumstances:	
29	(A) The personal information is:	
30	(i) included on an application form or another form; or	
31	(ii) transmitted as part of an application process or an	
32	enrollment process.	
33	(B) The personal information is used to obtain a consumer	
34	report (as defined in IC 24-5-24-2) for an applicant for credit.	
35	(C) The personal information is used to establish, amend, or	
36	terminate an account, a contract, or a policy, or to confirm the	
37	accuracy of the personal information.	
38	However, personal information allowed to be disclosed under this	
39	subdivision may not be printed in whole or in part on a postcard	
40	or other mailer that does not require an envelope, or in a manner	
41	that makes the personal information visible on an envelope or a	



mailer without the envelope or mailer being opened.

1	(8) Engage in any reckless or negligent activity allowing the
2	release or disclosure of the unencrypted, unredacted personal
3	information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective
4	borrowers. An activity described in this subdivision includes an
5	action prohibited by section 18(d) of this chapter.
6	(9) Knowingly bribe, coerce, or intimidate another person to
7	corrupt or improperly influence the independent judgment of
8	a real estate appraiser with respect to the value of any real
9	estate offered as security for a residential mortgage loan, as
10	prohibited by section 9.1(d) of this chapter.
11	(10) Violate any of the following:
12	(A) The federal Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et
13	seq.).
14	(B) The federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12
15	U.S.C. 2601 et seq.), as amended.
16	(C) The federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C.
17	1691 et seq.).
18	(D) Any other federal law or regulation concerning
19	residential mortgage lending.
20	(b) A person who commits an act described in subsection (a) is
21	subject to sections 10, 14, 15, and 16 of this chapter.
22	SECTION 15. IC 23-2-5-20.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.230-2007,
23	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 20.5. (a) A person licensed or required to be
25	licensed as a loan broker under this chapter shall not employ a person
26	to engage in origination activities act as a mortgage loan originator
27	unless the person is registered licensed as an a mortgage loan
28	originator or a principal manager under this chapter. The registration
29	license of an a mortgage loan originator or a principal manager is not
30	effective during any period in which the mortgage loan originator or
31	principal manager is not employed by a loan broker licensed under this
32	chapter.
33	(b) A person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker
34	under this chapter shall not operate any principal or branch office of a
35	loan brokerage business without employing a registered licensed
36	principal manager at that location.
37	(c) The licensed principal manager employed at a principal or
38	branch office of a loan brokerage business shall supervise all
39	employees at that location. If a licensed mortgage loan originator
40	works from a location that is not a principal or branch office of a
41	loan brokerage business, the mortgage loan originator shall be

loan brokerage business, the mortgage loan originator shall be

supervised by the principal manager employed at the principal or



1	branch office at which the mortgage loan originator's loan files are
2	sent.
3	(d) An individual that acts solely as a loan processor or
4	underwriter shall not represent to the public through:
5	(1) advertising; or
6	(2) other means of communicating or providing information,
7	including the use of business cards, stationery, brochures,
8	signs, rate lists, or other promotional items;
9	that the individual may or will perform mortgage loan origination
10	activities or otherwise act as a mortgage loan originator.
11	SECTION 16. IC 23-2-5-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2007,
12	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 21. (a) A person applying for an initial
14	license or certificate of registration must provide to the commissioner
15	evidence that during the twenty-four (24) month period immediately
16	preceding the application that the person completed at least twenty-four
17	(24) twenty (20) hours of academic instruction, acceptable to the
18	commissioner related to the loan brokerage business. and approved by
19	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry. The
20	education hours required under this subsection must include the
21	following:
22	(1) Three (3) hours of federal law and regulations concerning
23	residential mortgage lending.
24	(2) Three (3) hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud,
25	consumer protection, and fair lending practices.
26	(3) Two (2) hours of training concerning lending standards for
27	nontraditional residential mortgage loan products.
28	(4) Two (2) hours of state law and rules concerning residential
29	mortgage lending.
30	(b) To maintain a license or registration under this chapter, a person
31	must provide to the commissioner evidence that the person has
32	completed at least six (6) eight (8) hours of academic instruction that
33	is (1) acceptable to the commissioner, and (2) related to the loan
34	brokerage business; approved by the Nationwide Mortgage
35	Licensing System and Registry, during each calendar year after the
36	year in which the license or registration was initially issued. The
37	education hours required under this subsection must include the
38	following:
39	(1) Three (3) hours of federal law and regulations concerning
40	residential mortgage lending.
41	(2) Two (2) hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud,

consumer protection, and fair lending practices.



1 2	(3) Two (2) hours of training concerning lending standards for	
3	nontraditional residential mortgage loan products.	
4	(b) (c) In determining the acceptability of academic instruction the commissioner shall give consideration to approval of a licensee's	
5	internal academic instruction programs completed by employees.	
6	(c) (d) In determining the acceptability of an education course, the	
7	commissioner may require a fee, in an amount prescribed by the	
8	commissioner by rule or order, for the commissioner's review of the	
9	course.	
10	SECTION 17. IC 23-2-5-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2008,	4
11	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
12	JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 22. (a) An appeal may be taken by:	
13	(1) any person whose application for an initial or a renewal	
14	license under this chapter is granted or denied, from any final	
15	order of the commissioner concerning the application;	
16	(2) any applicant for initial or renewed registration licensure as	
17	a principal manager or an a mortgage loan originator, from any	
18	final order of the commissioner affecting the application;	
19	(3) any person against whom a civil penalty is imposed under	
20	section 14(a) of this chapter, from the final order of the	
21	commissioner imposing the civil penalty; or	
22	(4) any person who is named as a respondent, from any final order	
23	issued by the commissioner under section 10 or 11 of this chapter;	
24	to the Marion circuit court or to the circuit or superior court of the	
25	county where the person taking the appeal resides or maintains a place	
26	of business.	
27	(b) Not later than twenty (20) days after the entry of the order, the	
28	commissioner shall be served with:	
29	(1) a written notice of the appeal stating the court to which the	
30	appeal will be taken and the grounds upon which a reversal of the	
31	final order is sought;	
32	(2) a demand in writing from the appellant for a certified	
33	transcript of the record and of all papers on file in the	
34	commissioner's office affecting or relating to the order; and	
35	(3) a bond in the penal sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) to the	
36	state of Indiana with sufficient surety to be approved by the	
37	commissioner, conditioned upon the faithful prosecution of the	
38	appeal to final judgment and the payment of all costs that are	
39	adjudged against the appellant.	
40	(c) Not later than ten (10) days after the commissioner is served	
41	with the items listed in subsection (b), the commissioner shall make,	

certify, and deliver to the appellant the transcript, and the appellant



shall, not later than five (5) days after the date the appellant receives the transcript, file the transcript and a copy of the notice of appeal with the clerk of the court. The notice of appeal serves as the appellant's complaint. The commissioner may appear and file any motion or pleading and form the issue. The cause shall be entered on the trial calendar for trial de novo and given precedence over all matters pending in the court.

(d) The court shall receive and consider any pertinent oral or written evidence concerning the order of the commissioner from which the appeal is taken. If the order of the commissioner is reversed, the court shall in its mandate specifically direct the commissioner as to the commissioner's further action in the matter. The commissioner is not barred from revoking or altering the order for any proper cause that accrues or is discovered after the order is entered. If the order is affirmed, the appellant is not barred after thirty (30) days from the date the order is affirmed from filing a new application if the application is not otherwise barred or limited. During the pendency of the appeal, the order from which the appeal is taken is not suspended but remains in effect unless otherwise ordered by the court. An appeal may be taken from the judgment of the court on the same terms and conditions as an appeal is taken in civil actions.

SECTION 18. IC 23-2-5-23, AS ADDED BY P.L.230-2007, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 23. Any document A loan broker agreement that is delivered or required to be delivered by a person licensed or required to be licensed under this chapter to a borrower or prospective borrower must contain:

- (1) the license number of the loan broker; and
- (2) the registration license number of each:
 - (A) mortgage loan originator; or
- (B) principal manager;

who had contact with the file.

SECTION 19. IC 23-2-5-24 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 24. In the securities divisions' investigative, examination, and regulatory activities related to licensees under this article, the securities division may cooperate with the Indiana department of financial institutions in the regulation of a licensee that conducts:

- (1) business under this article; and
- (2) business that requires licensure under IC 24-4.4. 41

SECTION 20. IC 23-2-5-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 42



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1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2009]: Sec. 25. Subject to IC 5-14-3, the commissioner is required
3	to regularly report:
4	(1) violations of this chapter; and
5	(2) enforcement actions and other relevant information;
6	to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
7	SECTION 21. IC 23-2-5-26 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2009]: Sec. 26. The commissioner shall establish a process by
10	which a mortgage loan originator may challenge information
11	entered into the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
12	Registry by the commissioner.
13	SECTION 22. IC 23-19-4-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2007,
14	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities
16	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o(h)) or Section 222 of the
17	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-18a), a rule adopted
18	or order issued under this article may establish minimum financial
19	requirements for broker-dealers registered or required to be registered
20	under this article and investment advisers registered or required to be
21	registered under this article.
22	(b) Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
23	(15 U.S.C. 78o(h)) or Section 222(b) of the Investment Advisers Act
24	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-18a(b)), a broker-dealer registered or required
25	to be registered under this article and an investment adviser registered
26	or required to be registered under this article shall file such financial
27	reports as are required by a rule adopted or order issued under this
28	article. If the information contained in a record filed under this
29	subsection is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete in a material
30	respect, the registrant shall promptly file a correcting amendment.
31	(c) Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
32	(15 U.S.C. 780(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of
33 34	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-18a):
	(1) a broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under
35 36	this article and an investment adviser registered or required to be
37	registered under this article shall make and maintain the accounts,
38	correspondence, memoranda, papers, books, and other records required by rule adopted or order issued under this article;
39	
10	(2) broker-dealer records required to be maintained under subdivision (1) may be maintained in any form of data storage
τU	subdivision (1) may be maintained in any loini of data storage

acceptable under Section 17(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of

1934 (15 U.S.C. 78q(a)) if they are readily accessible to the



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commissioner; and

2.8

- (3) investment adviser records required to be maintained under subdivision (1) may be maintained in any form of data storage required by rule adopted or order issued under this article.
- (d) The records of a broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this article and of an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this article are subject to such reasonable periodic, special, or other audits or inspections by a representative of the commissioner, within or outside this state, as the commissioner considers necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors. An audit or inspection may be made at any time and without prior notice. The commissioner may copy, and remove for audit or inspection copies of, all records the commissioner reasonably considers necessary or appropriate to conduct the audit or inspection. The commissioner may assess a reasonable charge for conducting an audit or inspection under this subsection.
- (e) Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-18a), a rule adopted or order issued under this article may require a broker-dealer or investment adviser that has custody of or discretionary authority over funds or securities of a customer or client to obtain insurance or post a bond or other satisfactory form of security in an amount not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). The commissioner may determine the requirements of the insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form of security. Insurance or a bond or other satisfactory form of security may not be required of a broker-dealer registered under this article whose net capital exceeds, or of an investment adviser registered under this article whose minimum financial requirements exceed, the amounts required by rule or order under this article. The insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form of security must permit an action by a person to enforce any liability on the insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form of security if instituted within the time limitations in IC 23-19-5-9(g).
- (f) Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-18a), an agent may not have custody of funds or securities of a customer except under the supervision of a broker-dealer and an investment adviser representative may not have custody of funds or securities of a client except under the supervision of an investment adviser or a federal covered investment adviser. A rule adopted or order issued under this article may prohibit, limit, or impose conditions on a broker-dealer regarding custody of funds or securities

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of a customer and on an investment adviser regarding custody of securities or funds of a client.

- (g) With respect to an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this article, a rule adopted or order issued under this article may require that information or other records be furnished or disseminated to clients or prospective clients in this state as necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors and advisory clients.
- (h) A rule adopted or order issued under this article may require an individual registered under section 2 or 4 of this chapter to participate in a continuing education program approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission and administered by a self-regulatory organization or, in the absence of such a program, a rule adopted or order issued under this article may require continuing education for an individual registered under section 4 of this chapter.
- (i) The commissioner may annually select as many as twenty-five percent (25%) of all Indiana home and branch offices of registered broker-dealers for completion of compliance reports. Each broker-dealer office that is selected shall file its compliance report according to rules adopted by the commissioner under this article not more later than minety (90) forty-five (45) days after being notified of selection under this subsection. No charges or other examination fees may be assessed against a registered broker-dealer as a result of the examination of a compliance report filed under this subsection unless the examination results in an investigation or examination made under IC 23-19-6-2(a).

SECTION 23. IC 23-19-5-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2007, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) A person who knowingly violates this article, or a rule adopted under this article, except section 4 of this chapter or the notice filing requirements of IC 23-19-3-2 or IC 23-19-4-5, commits a Class C felony.

- (b) A person who knowingly violates section 1 of this chapter commits a Class B felony if the person harmed, defrauded, misled, or deceived by the violation is at least sixty (60) years of age.
 - (c) A person who knowingly violates section 1 of this chapter:
 - (1) while using or taking advantage of; or
 - (2) in connection with;
- a relationship that is based on religious affiliation or worship commits a Class B felony.
- (b) (d) It is the duty of a prosecuting attorney, as well as of the attorney general, to assist the commissioner upon the commissioner's











1 2	request in the prosecution to final judgment of a violation of the penal provisions of this article. If the commissioner determines that an action
3	based on the securities division's investigations is meritorious:
4	(1) the commissioner or a designee empowered by the
5	commissioner shall refer the facts drawn from the investigation to
6	the prosecuting attorney of the judicial circuit in which the crime
7	may have been committed;
8	(2) the commissioner and the securities division shall assist the
9	prosecuting attorney in prosecuting an action under this section,
.0	which may include a securities division attorney serving as a
1	special deputy prosecutor appointed by the prosecuting attorney;
2	(3) a prosecuting attorney to whom facts concerning fraud are
.3	referred under subdivision (1) may refer the matter to the attorney
4	general;
5	(4) if a matter has been referred to the attorney general under
6	subdivision (3), the attorney general may:
7	(A) file an information in a court with jurisdiction over the
. 8	matter in the county in which the offense is alleged to have
9	been committed; and
20	(B) prosecute the alleged offense; and
21	(5) if a matter has been referred to the attorney general under
22	subdivision (3), the commissioner and the securities division shall
23	assist the attorney general in prosecuting an action under this
24	section, which may include a securities division attorney serving
2.5	as a special deputy attorney general appointed by the attorney
26	general.
27	(e) This article does not limit the power of this state to punish a
28	person for conduct that constitutes a crime under other laws of this
29	state.
30	SECTION 24. IC 23-19-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2007,
31	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. (a) If the commissioner determines that a
33	person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in an act,
34	practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this article or
35	a rule adopted or order issued under this article or that a person has
66	materially aided, is materially aiding, or is about to materially aid an
57	act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this
8	article or a rule adopted or order issued under this article, the
19	commissioner may:

(1) investigate and may issue, with or without a prior hearing,

orders and notices as the commissioner determines to be in the

public interest, including cease and desist orders, orders to show



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cause, and notices. After notice and hearing, the commissioner may enter an order of rescission, restitution, or disgorgement, including interest at the legal rate of interest, directed to a person who has violated this article or a rule or order under this article; (2) issue an order denying, suspending, revoking, or conditioning the exemptions for a broker-dealer under IC 23-19-4-1(b)(1)(D) or IC 23-19-4-1(b)(1)(F) or an investment adviser under IC 23-19-4-3(b)(1)(C); or

- (3) issue an order under IC 23-19-2-4.
- (b) An order under subsection (a) is effective on the date of issuance. Upon issuance of the order, the commissioner shall promptly serve each person subject to the order with a copy of the order and a notice that the order has been entered. The order must include a statement whether the commissioner will seek a civil penalty or costs of the investigation, a statement of the reasons for the order, and notice that, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of a request in a record from the person, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a person subject to the order does not request a hearing and none is ordered by the commissioner within forty-five (45) days after the date of service of the order, the order, which may include a civil penalty or costs of the investigation if a civil penalty or costs were sought in the statement accompanying the order, becomes final as to that person by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the commissioner, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.
- (c) If a hearing is requested or ordered under subsection (b), the hearing must be held within not later than fifteen (15) business days of after receipt if the original order issued by the commissioner was a summary suspension, summary revocation, or denial of a license and not later than forty-five (45) business days after receipt for all other orders. A final order may not be issued unless the commissioner makes findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record. The final order may make final, vacate, or modify the order issued under subsection (a).
- (d) In a final order under subsection (c), the commissioner may impose a civil penalty up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation. Penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the securities division enforcement account established under section 1 of this chapter.
- (e) In a final order, the commissioner may charge the cost of an investigation or proceeding for a violation of this article or a rule











- (f) If a petition for judicial review of a final order is not filed in accordance with section 9 of this chapter, the commissioner may file a certified copy of the final order with the clerk of a court with jurisdiction. The order so filed has the same effect as a judgment of the court and may be recorded, enforced, or satisfied in the same manner as a judgment of the court.
- (g) If a person does not comply with an order under this section, the commissioner may petition a court with jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court may not require the commissioner to post a bond in an action or proceeding under this section. If the court finds, after service and opportunity for hearing, that the person was not in compliance with the order, the court may adjudge the person in civil contempt of the order. The court may impose a further civil penalty against the person for contempt in an amount not greater than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation and may grant any other relief the court determines is just and proper in the circumstances.
- (h) The commissioner shall send a certified copy of every final order that suspends or revokes a person's registration under this article, or that orders a person who is not registered under this article to cease and desist from violating this article, to the insurance commissioner appointed under IC 27-1-1-2. The insurance commissioner shall act in accordance with IC 27-1-15.6-29.5.

SECTION 25. IC 23-2-5-19 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009].











COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill 1646, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 9 with "[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010]".

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 11 through 13 with "[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010]".

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 15 through 18 with "[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010]".

Page 3, line 32, delete "or" and insert "and".

Page 5, line 10, delete "institution (as defined in IC 23-19-1-2(5));" and insert "**institution**;".

Page 5, line 12, delete "institution (as" and insert "**institution**; **and**". Page 5, delete line 13.

Page 5, line 16, delete "subject to the supervision of" and insert "regulated by".

Page 5, line 19, after "the" insert "Nationwide".

Page 6, between lines 21 and 22, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(u) As used in this chapter, "depository institution" has the meaning set forth in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c)) and includes any credit union.
- (v) As used in this chapter, "state licensed mortgage loan originator" means any individual who:
 - (1) is a mortgage loan originator;
 - (2) is not an employee of:
 - (A) a depository institution;
 - (B) a subsidiary that is:
 - (i) owned and controlled by a depository institution; and
 - (ii) regulated by a federal financial institution regulatory agency (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3350(6)); or
 - (C) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit Administration;
 - (3) is licensed by a state or by the Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under Section 1508 of the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (Title V of P.L.110-289); and
 - (4) is registered as a mortgage loan originator with, and maintains a unique identifier through, the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
 - (w) As used in this chapter, "unique identifier" means a number









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or other identifier that:

- (1) permanently identifies a mortgage loan originator; and
- (2) is assigned by protocols established by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and the federal financial institution regulatory agencies to facilitate:
 - (A) the electronic tracking of mortgage loan originators; and
 - (B) the uniform identification of, and public access to, the employment history of and the publicly adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against mortgage loan originators."

Page 6, line 32, after "registration" insert "unique identifier from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and a".

Page 6, line 40, after "registration" insert "unique identifier from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and a".

Page 7, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(f) A unique identifier obtained by an individual from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry under subsection (b) or (c) may not be used for purposes other than those set forth in the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (Title V of P.L.110-289)."

Page 8, delete lines 31 through 33.

Page 9, delete lines 21 through 23.

Page 11, between lines 36 and 37, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(l) The commissioner shall require each applicant for licensure as:
 - (1) a mortgage loan originator; or
 - (2) a principal manager;

to submit written authorization for the commissioner or an agent of the commissioner to obtain a consumer report (as defined in IC 24-5-24-2) concerning the applicant.

- (m) In reviewing a consumer report obtained under subsection (l), the commissioner may consider one (1) or more of the following in determining whether an individual described in subsection (l) has demonstrated financial responsibility:
 - (1) Bankruptcies filed by the individual within the most recent ten (10) years.
 - (2) Current outstanding civil judgments against the individual, except judgments resulting solely from medical expenses owed by the individual.
 - (3) Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens or filings.

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- (4) Foreclosure actions filed within the most recent three (3) years against property owned by the individual.
- (5) Any pattern of seriously delinquent accounts associated with the individual during the most recent three (3) years.".

Page 12, line 3, delete "commissioner." and insert "commissioner and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.".

Page 12, line 32, delete "July 1, 2009." and insert "January 1, 2010.".

Page 12, line 36, delete "July 1, 2009," and insert "January 1, 2010,".

Page 12, line 36, delete "June 30, 2009," and insert "**December 31, 2009,**".

Page 12, line 38, delete "July 1, 2009." and insert "January 1, 2010.".

Page 12, line 38, delete "June 30, 2009," and insert "**December 31**, **2009**,".

Page 13, line 3, delete "June 30, 2009." and insert "**December 31, 2009.**".

Page 13, line 5, delete "July 1, 2009," and insert "January 1, 2010,".

Page 13, line 5, delete "June 30," and insert "December 31,".

Page 13, line 7, delete "July 1, 2009." and insert "January 1, 2010.".

Page 13, line 7, delete "June 30, 2009," and insert "**December 31, 2009,**".

Page 17, line 19, after "crime" insert ", other than a felony,".

Page 22, line 10, strike "National" and insert "Nationwide".

Page 24, line 1, reset in roman "subsection".

Page 24, line 2, delete "subsections".

Page 24, line 2, after "(b)" insert ",".

Page 24, line 2, delete "and (c),".

Page 26, line 33, delete "National" and insert "Nationwide".

Page 28, delete lines 15 through 18.

Page 29, line 17, after "commissioner" delete ".".

Page 29, line 17, after "business." insert "and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.".

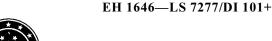
Page 29, line 30, after "commissioner" insert ",".

Page 29, line 30, reset in roman "and".

Page 29, line 31, after "business;" insert "approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry,".

Page 34, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) A person who knowingly violates section 1 of this chapter











commits a Class B felony if the person harmed, defrauded, misled, or deceived by the violation is at least sixty (60) years of age.".

Page 34, line 6, delete "(b)" and insert "(c)".

Page 34, line 11, delete "(c)" and insert "(d)".

Page 34, line 39, delete "(d)" and insert "(e)".

Page 34, between lines 41 and 42, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 21. IC 24-4.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2011]:

ARTICLE 4.2. RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN BROKERS

Chapter 1. Definitions

- Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this article.
- Sec. 2. "Bona fide third party fee", with respect to a residential mortgage loan, includes any of the following:
 - (1) Fees for real estate appraisals. However, if the residential mortgage loan is governed by Title XI of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act (12 U.S.C. 3331 through 3352), the fee for an appraisal performed in connection with the loan is not a bona fide third party fee unless the appraisal is performed by a person that is licensed or certified under IC 25-34.1-3-8.
 - (2) Fees for title examination, abstract of title, title insurance, property surveys, or similar purposes.
 - (3) Notary and credit report fees.
 - (4) Fees for the services provided by a loan broker in procuring possible business for a creditor if the fees are paid by the creditor.
- Sec. 3. "Branch office" means any fixed physical location from which a loan broker licensee holds itself out as engaging in the loan brokerage business.
- Sec. 4. "Department" refers to the department of financial institutions.
- Sec. 5. "Depository institution" has the meaning set forth in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c)) and includes any credit union.
- Sec. 6. "Licensee" means a person that is issued a license under this article.
- Sec. 7. (a) "Loan broker" means any person who, in return for any consideration from any source procures, attempts to procure, or assists in procuring, a residential mortgage loan from a third

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party or any other person, whether or not the person seeking the loan actually obtains the loan.

- (b) The term does not include:
 - (1) any supervised financial organization (as defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301(20)), including a bank, savings bank, trust company, savings association, or credit union;
 - (2) any other financial institution that is:
 - (A) regulated by any agency of the United States or any state; and
 - (B) regularly actively engaged in the business of making consumer loans that are not secured by real estate or taking assignment of consumer sales contracts that are not secured by real estate;
 - (3) any insurance company;
 - (4) any person arranging financing for the sale of the person's product; or
 - (5) a creditor that is licensed under IC 24-4.4-2-402.
- Sec. 8. "Loan broker license" means a license issued by the department authorizing a person to engage in the loan brokerage business.
- Sec. 9. "Loan brokerage business" means a person acting as a loan broker.
- Sec. 10. "Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual who:
 - (1) is employed by a loan broker licensee and acts at the direction of, and subject to the supervision of, the loan broker licensee or a licensed principal manager employed by the loan broker licensee; and
 - (2) performs solely clerical or support duties on behalf of the loan broker licensee, including any of the following activities with respect to a residential mortgage loan application received by the loan broker licensee:
 - (A) The receipt, collection, distribution, and analysis of information commonly used in the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage loan.
 - (B) Communicating with a borrower or potential borrower to obtain the information necessary for the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage loan, to the extent that the communication does not include:
 - (i) offering or negotiating loan rates or terms; or
 - (ii) counseling borrowers or potential borrowers about residential mortgage loan rates or terms.









- Sec. 11. "Mortgage loan origination activities" means performing any of the following activities for compensation or gain in connection with a residential mortgage loan:
 - (1) Receiving or recording a borrower's or potential borrower's residential mortgage loan application information in any form for use in a credit decision by a creditor.
 - (2) Offering to negotiate or negotiating terms of a residential mortgage loan.
- Sec. 12. (a) "Mortgage loan originator" means an individual engaged in mortgage loan origination activities.
 - (b) The term does not include a person who:
 - (1) performs purely administrative or clerical tasks on behalf of a mortgage loan originator or acts as a loan processor or underwriter;
 - (2) performs only real estate brokerage activities and is licensed in accordance with IC 25-34.1 or the applicable laws of another state, unless the person is compensated by a creditor, a loan broker, a mortgage loan originator, or any agent of a creditor, a loan broker, or a mortgage loan originator; or
 - (3) is involved only in extensions of credit relating to time share plans (as defined in 11 U.S.C. 101(53D)).
- Sec. 13. "Mortgage loan originator license" means a license issued by the department authorizing an individual to act as a mortgage loan originator on behalf of a loan broker licensee.
- Sec. 14. "Person" means an individual, a partnership, a trust, a corporation, a limited liability company, a limited liability partnership, a sole proprietorship, a joint venture, a joint stock company, or another group or entity, however organized.
 - Sec. 15. "Principal manager" means an individual who:
 - (1) has at least three (3) years of experience:
 - (A) as a mortgage loan originator; or
 - (B) in financial services;

that is acceptable to the department; and

- (2) is principally responsible for the supervision and management of the employees and business affairs of a loan broker licensee.
- Sec. 16. "Principal manager license" means a license issued by the department authorizing an individual to act as:
 - (1) a principal manager; or
- (2) a mortgage loan originator;

on behalf of a loan broker licensee.







- Sec. 17. "Real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that involves offering or providing real estate brokerage services to the public, including any of the following:
 - (1) Acting as a real estate broker or salesperson for a buyer, seller, lessor, or lessee of real property.
 - (2) Bringing together parties interested in the sale, lease, or exchange of real property.
 - (3) Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any part of a contract concerning the sale, lease, or exchange of real property, other than in connection with obtaining or providing financing for the transaction.
 - (4) Engaging in any activity for which the person performing the activity is required to be licensed under IC 25-34.1 or the applicable laws of another state.
 - (5) Offering to engage in any activity, or to act in any capacity with respect to any activity, described in subdivisions (1) through (4).
- Sec. 18. "Registered mortgage loan originator" means a mortgage loan originator who:
 - (1) is an employee of:
 - (A) a depository institution;
 - (B) a subsidiary that is:
 - (i) owned and controlled by a depository institution; and
 - (ii) regulated by a federal financial institution regulatory agency (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3350(6)); or
 - (C) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit Administration; and
 - (2) is registered with and maintains a unique identifier with the Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- Sec. 19. "Residential mortgage loan" means a loan that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other consensual security interest on real estate in Indiana on which there is located or intended to be constructed a dwelling (as defined in the federal Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(v)) that is or will be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.
- Sec. 20. "State licensed mortgage loan originator" means any individual who:
 - (1) is a mortgage loan originator;
 - (2) is not an employee of:
 - (A) a depository institution;
 - (B) a subsidiary that is:
 - (i) owned and controlled by a depository institution; and

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- (ii) regulated by a federal financial institution regulatory agency (as defined in 12 U.S.C. 3350(6)); or
- (C) an institution regulated by the Farm Credit Administration; and
- (3) is licensed by a state or by the Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under Section 1508 of the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (Title V of P.L.110-289); and
- (4) is registered as a mortgage loan originator with, and maintains a unique identifier through, the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- Sec. 21. "Ultimate equitable owner" means a person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls ten percent (10%) or more of the equity interest in a loan broker licensed or required to be licensed under this article, regardless of whether the person owns or controls the equity interest through one (1) or more other persons or one (1) or more proxies, powers of attorney, or variances.
- Sec. 22. "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier that:
 - (1) permanently identifies a mortgage loan originator; and
 - (2) is assigned by protocols established by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and the federal financial institution regulatory agencies to facilitate:
 - (A) the electronic tracking of mortgage loan originators; and
 - (B) the uniform identification of, and public access to, the employment history of and the publicly adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against mortgage loan originators.

Chapter 2. Licensing

- Sec. 1. (a) A person may not engage in the loan brokerage business in Indiana unless the person first obtains a loan broker license from the department. Any person desiring to engage in the loan brokerage business shall apply to the department for a loan broker license under this article.
- (b) An individual may not act as a mortgage loan originator in Indiana on behalf of a person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this article unless the individual first obtains a mortgage loan originator license from the department. An individual desiring to act as a mortgage loan originator on behalf of a person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker









under this article shall apply to the department for a mortgage loan originator license under this article.

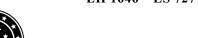
- (c) An individual may not act as a principal manager on behalf of a person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this article unless the individual first obtains a principal manager license from the department. Any individual desiring to act as a principal manager on behalf of a person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this article shall apply to the department for a principal manager license under this article.
- (d) The department may request evidence of compliance with this section at any of the following times:
 - (1) The time of application for an initial license.
 - (2) The time of renewal of a license.
 - (3) Any other time considered necessary by the department.
- (e) For purposes of subsection (d), evidence of compliance with this section must include a criminal background check, including a national criminal history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 2. (a) An application for a loan broker license or renewal of a loan broker license must contain:
 - (1) consent to service of process under subsection (g);
 - (2) evidence of the bond required in subsection (d);
 - (3) an application fee of two hundred dollars (\$200), plus one hundred dollars (\$100) for each ultimate equitable owner;
 - (4) an affidavit affirming that none of the applicant's ultimate equitable owners, directors, managers, or officers have been convicted, in any jurisdiction, of:
 - (A) any felony within the previous seven (7) years; or
 - (B) an offense involving fraud or deception that is punishable by at least one (1) year of imprisonment;
 - unless such an affidavit is waived by the department under subsection (h);
 - (5) evidence that the applicant, if the applicant is an individual, has completed the education requirements under section 4 of this chapter;
 - (6) the name and license number for each mortgage loan originator to be employed by the licensee;
 - (7) the name and license number for each principal manager; and
 - (8) for each ultimate equitable owner, the following information:











- (A) The name of the ultimate equitable owner.
- (B) The address of the ultimate equitable owner, including the home address of the ultimate equitable owner if the ultimate equitable owner is an individual.
- (C) The telephone number of the ultimate equitable owner, including the home telephone number if the ultimate equitable owner is an individual.
- (D) The ultimate equitable owner's Social Security number and date of birth, if the ultimate equitable owner is an individual.
- (b) An application for licensure as a mortgage loan originator shall be made on a form prescribed by the department. The application must include the following information for the individual that seeks to be licensed as a mortgage loan originator:
 - (1) The name of the individual.
 - (2) The home address of the individual.
 - (3) The home telephone number of the individual.
 - (4) The individual's Social Security number and date of birth.
 - (5) The name of the:
 - (A) loan broker licensee; or
 - (B) applicant for loan broker licensure;

for whom the individual seeks to be employed as a mortgage loan originator.

- (6) Consent to service of process under subsection (g).
- (7) Evidence that the individual has completed the education requirements described in section 4 of this chapter.
- (8) An application fee of fifty dollars (\$50).
- (9) All:
 - (A) license numbers previously issued to the individual under IC 23-2-5 (before its repeal on January 1, 2011), if applicable; and
 - (B) license numbers previously issued to the individual under this article, if applicable.
- (c) An application for licensure as a principal manager shall be made on a form prescribed by the department. The application must include the following information for the individual who seeks to be licensed as a principal manager:
 - (1) The name of the individual.
 - (2) The home address of the individual.
 - (3) The home telephone number of the individual.
 - (4) The individual's Social Security number and date of birth.
 - (5) The name of the:



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- (A) loan broker licensee; or
- (B) applicant for loan broker licensure; for whom the individual seeks to be employed as a principal

manager.

- (6) Consent to service of process under subsection (g).
- (7) Evidence that the individual has completed the education requirements described in section 4 of this chapter.
- (8) Evidence that the individual has at least three (3) years of experience in the:
 - (A) loan brokerage; or
 - (B) financial services;

business.

- (9) An application fee of one hundred dollars (\$100).
- (10) All:
 - (A) license numbers previously issued to the individual under IC 23-2-5 (before its repeal on January 1, 2011), if applicable; and
 - (B) license numbers previously issued to the individual under this article, if applicable.
- (d) A loan broker licensee must maintain a bond satisfactory to the department, which must cover the activities of each licensed mortgage loan originator and licensed principal manager employed by the loan broker licensee. The bond must be in one (1) of the following amounts, depending on the total amount of residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in the previous calendar year:
 - (1) Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) if the total amount of residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in the previous calendar year was not greater than one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000).
 - (2) Seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000) if the total amount of residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in the previous calendar year was greater than one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000) but not greater than five million dollars (\$5,000,000).
 - (3) Ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000) if the total amount of residential mortgage loans originated by the loan broker in the previous calendar year was greater than five million dollars (\$5,000,000).

The bond shall be in favor of the state and shall secure payment of damages to any person aggrieved by any violation of this article by the licensee or any licensed mortgage loan originator or licensed

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principal manager employed by the licensee.

- (e) The department shall issue a license and license number to an applicant for a loan broker license, a mortgage loan originator license, or a principal manager license if the applicant meets the applicable licensure requirements set forth in this article.
- (f) Licenses issued by the department under this article expire on December 31 of the year in which they are issued.
- (g) Every applicant for licensure or for renewal of a license shall file with the department, in such form as the department by rule or order prescribes, an irrevocable consent appointing the department to be the applicant's agent to receive service of any lawful process in any noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding against the applicant arising from the violation of any provision of this article. Service shall be made in accordance with the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
- (h) Upon good cause shown, the department may waive the requirements of subsection (a)(4) for one (1) or more of an applicant's ultimate equitable owners, directors, managers, or officers.
- (i) Whenever an initial or a renewal application for a license is denied or withdrawn, the department shall retain the initial or renewal application fee paid.
- (j) At the time of application for an initial license under this article, the department shall require each:
 - (1) equitable owner, in the case of an applicant for a loan broker license;
 - (2) individual described in subsection (a)(4), in the case of an applicant for a loan broker license; and
 - (3) applicant for licensure as:
 - (A) a mortgage loan originator; or
 - (B) a principal manager;

to submit fingerprints for a national criminal history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for use by the department in determining whether the equitable owner, the individual described in subsection (a)(4), or the applicant should be denied licensure under this article for any reason set forth in IC 24-4.2-3-4. The equitable owner, individual described in subsection (a)(4), or applicant shall pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and background check required under this subsection. The department may not release the results of a background check described in this subsection to any private entity.









- (k) Every three (3) years, beginning with the third calendar year following the calendar year in which an initial license is issued under this article, the department shall require each:
 - (1) equitable owner, in the case of a loan broker licensee;
 - (2) individual described in subsection (a)(4), in the case of a loan broker licensee; and
 - (3) licensed:
 - (A) mortgage loan originator; or
 - (B) principal manager;

to submit fingerprints for a national criminal history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for use by the department in determining whether the equitable owner, the individual described in subsection (a)(4), or the licensee should be denied continued licensure under this article for any reason set forth in IC 24-4.2-3-4. The equitable owner, individual described in subsection (a)(4), or licensee shall pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and background check required under this subsection. The department may not release the results of a background check described in this subsection to any private entity.

- (1) The department shall require each applicant for licensure as:
 - (1) a mortgage loan originator; or
 - (2) a principal manager;

to submit written authorization for the department or an agent of the department to obtain a consumer report (as defined in IC 24-5-24-2) concerning the applicant.

- (m) In reviewing a consumer report obtained under subsection (l), the department may consider one (1) or more of the following in determining whether an individual described in subsection (l) has demonstrated financial responsibility:
 - (1) Bankruptcies filed by the individual within the most recent ten (10) years.
 - (2) Current outstanding civil judgments against the individual, except judgments resulting solely from medical expenses owed by the individual.
 - (3) Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens or filings.
 - (4) Foreclosure actions filed within the most recent three (3) years against property owned by the individual.
 - (5) Any pattern of seriously delinquent accounts associated with the individual during the most recent three (3) years.
 - Sec. 3. (a) The department shall require an applicant for



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licensure as:

- (1) a mortgage loan originator under section 2(b) of this chapter; or
- (2) a principal manager under section 2(c) of this chapter; to pass a written examination prepared and administered by the department or an agent appointed by the department and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- (b) The written examination required by this section must measure the applicant's knowledge and comprehension in appropriate subject areas, including the following:
 - (1) Ethics.
 - (2) Federal laws and regulations concerning the origination of residential mortgage loans.
 - (3) State laws and rules concerning the origination of residential mortgage loans.
- (c) An individual who answers at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the questions on the written examination correctly is considered to have passed the examination.
- (d) An individual who does not pass the written examination may retake the examination up to two (2) additional times, with each subsequent attempt occurring at least thirty (30) days after the individual last sat for the examination. If an individual fails three (3) consecutive examinations, the individual must wait to retake the examination until at least six (6) months after the individual sat for the third examination.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (f), if an individual who has been issued a mortgage loan originator license or a principal manager license under this article:
 - (1) allows the individual's license to lapse; or
 - (2) otherwise does not maintain a valid license under this article:

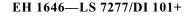
for a period of at least five (5) years, the individual must retake the written examination required by this section.

- (f) This subsection applies to an individual who was licensed as a mortgage loan originator or a principal manager under IC 23-2-5 (before its repeal on January 1, 2011). An individual to whom this subsection applies is not required to take the written examination required by this section except as follows:
 - (1) If the individual's license issued under IC 23-2-5 (before its repeal on January 1, 2011) was valid and in effect on December 31, 2010, the individual is considered licensed











under this article as of January 1, 2011. After December 31, 2010, an individual described in this subdivision is not required to take the written examination required by this section unless the individual:

- (A) allows the individual's license to lapse; or
- (B) otherwise does not maintain a valid license; for a period of at least five (5) years, beginning at any time after December 31, 2010.
- (2) If the individual's license issued under IC 23-2-5 (before its repeal on January 1, 2011) was not valid and in effect on December 31, 2010, the individual is not considered licensed under this article as of January 1, 2011. After December 31, 2010, an individual described in this subdivision who seeks to act as a mortgage loan originator or a principal manager in Indiana must:
 - (A) apply to the department for licensure under section 2(b) or 2(c) of this chapter, whichever applies; and
- (B) take the written examination required by this section. Sec. 4. (a) A person applying for an initial license must provide to the department evidence that during the twenty-four (24) month period immediately preceding the application that the person completed at least twenty (20) hours of academic instruction, acceptable to the department and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry. The education hours required under this subsection must include the following:
 - (1) Three (3) hours of federal law and regulations concerning residential mortgage lending.
 - (2) Three (3) hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud, consumer protection, and fair lending practices.
 - (3) Two (2) hours of training concerning lending standards for nontraditional residential mortgage loan products.
 - (4) Two (2) hours of state law and rules concerning residential mortgage lending.
- (b) To maintain a license under this article, a person must provide to the department evidence that the person has completed at least eight (8) hours of academic instruction that is acceptable to the department, and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, during each calendar year after the year in which the license was initially issued. The education hours required under this subsection must include the following:
 - (1) Three (3) hours of federal law and regulations concerning residential mortgage lending.











- (2) Two (2) hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud, consumer protection, and fair lending practices.
- (3) Two (2) hours of training concerning lending standards for nontraditional residential mortgage loan products.
- (c) In determining the acceptability of academic instruction the department shall give consideration to approval of a licensee's internal academic instruction programs completed by employees.
- (d) In determining the acceptability of an education course, the department may require a fee, in an amount prescribed by the department by rule or order, for the department's review of the course.
- Sec. 5. A loan broker licensee may not continue engaging in the loan brokerage business unless the licensee's license is renewed annually. A mortgage loan originator licensee or a principal manager licensee may not continue acting as:
 - (1) a mortgage loan originator; or
 - (2) a principal manager;

unless the licensee's license is renewed annually. A licensee under this article shall renew its license by filing with the department, at least thirty (30) days before the expiration of the license, an application containing any information the department may require to indicate any material change from the information contained in the applicant's original application or any previous application.

Chapter 3. Administration, Compliance, and Enforcement

- Sec. 1. (a) After December 31, 2010, the money in the loan broker regulation account established by IC 23-2-5-7 (before its repeal on January 1, 2011) may be used only for the regulation of loan brokers, mortgage loan originators, and principal managers under this article. The loan broker regulation account shall be administered by the treasurer of state. The money in the loan broker regulation account does not revert to any other account within the state general fund at the end of a state fiscal year.
- (b) All fees and funds accruing from the administration of this article shall be accounted for by the department and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state who shall deposit them in the loan broker regulation account in the state general fund.
- (c) All expenses incurred in the administration of this article shall be paid from:
 - (1) appropriations made from the state general fund; and
 - (2) additional funds available, with the approval of the budget agency, from the loan broker regulation account.

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- Sec. 2. (a) To be enforceable, every contract for the services of a loan broker shall be in writing and signed by the contracting parties.
- (b) At the time a contract for the services of a loan broker is signed, the loan broker shall provide a copy of the signed contract to each of the other parties to the contract.
- (c) Every contract for the services of a loan broker must include the following statement:
- "No statement or representation by a loan broker is valid or enforceable unless the statement or representation is in writing.".
- (d) This section does not apply to a contract that provides for the payment of referral fees by a lender or a third party.
- Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "appraisal company" means a business entity that:
 - (1) performs real estate appraisals on a regular basis for compensation through one (1) or more owners, officers, employees, or agents; or
 - (2) holds itself out to the public as performing real estate appraisals.
- (b) As used in this section, "immediate family", with respect to an individual, refers to:
 - (1) the individual's spouse who resides in the individual's household; and
 - (2) any dependent child of the individual.
- (c) As used in this section, "real estate appraiser" means a person who:
 - (1) is licensed as a real estate broker under IC 25-34.1 and performs real estate appraisals within the scope of the person's license;
 - (2) holds a real estate appraiser license or certificate issued under IC 25-34.1-3-8; or
 - (3) otherwise performs real estate appraisals in Indiana.
- (d) A person licensed under this article, or a person required to be licensed under this article, shall not knowingly bribe, coerce, or intimidate another person to corrupt or improperly influence the independent judgment of a real estate appraiser with respect to the value of any real estate offered as security for a residential mortgage loan.
 - (e) Except as provided in subsection (f):
 - (1) a person licensed under this article, or a person required to be licensed under this article;
 - (2) a member of the immediate family of:









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- (A) a person licensed under this article; or
- (B) a person required to be licensed under this article; or (3) a person described in subdivision (1) or (2) in combination with one (1) or more other persons described in subdivision (1) or (2);

may not own or control a majority interest in an appraisal company.

- (f) This subsection applies to a person or combination of persons described in subsection (e) who own or control a majority interest in an appraisal company on June 30, 2007. The prohibition set forth in subsection (e) does not apply to a person or combination of persons described in this subsection, subject to the following:
 - (1) The interest in the appraisal company owned or controlled by the person or combination of persons described in subsection (e) shall not be increased after June 30, 2007.
 - (2) The interest of a person licensed under this article, or of a person required to be licensed under this article, shall not be transferred to a member of the person's immediate family.
 - (3) If the department determines that any person or combination of persons described in subsection (e) has violated this article, the department may order one (1) or more of the persons to divest their interest in the appraisal company. The department may exercise the remedy provided by this subdivision in addition to, or as a substitute for, any other remedy available to the department under this article.
- Sec. 4. (a) Whenever it appears to the department that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in an act or a practice constituting a violation of this article or a rule or an order under this article, the department may investigate and may issue, with a prior hearing if there exists no substantial threat of immediate irreparable harm or without a prior hearing, if there exists a substantial threat of immediate irreparable harm, orders and notices as the department determines to be in the public interest, including cease and desist orders, orders to show cause, and notices. After notice and hearing, the department may enter an order of rescission, restitution, or disgorgement, including interest at the rate of eight percent (8%) per year, directed to a person who has violated this article or a rule or order under this article.
- (b) Upon the issuance of an order or notice without a prior hearing by the department under subsection (a), the department shall promptly notify the respondent and, if the subject of the order or notice is a mortgage loan originator licensee or a principal











manager licensee, the loan broker licensee for whom the mortgage loan originator or principal manager is employed:

- (1) that the order or notice has been issued;
- (2) of the reasons the order or notice has been issued; and
- (3) that upon the receipt of a written request the matter will be set for a hearing to commence not later than forty-five (45) business days after receipt of the request unless the respondent consents to a later date.

If a hearing is not requested and not ordered by the department, an order remains in effect until it is modified or vacated by the department. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the department, after notice of an opportunity for hearing, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.

- (c) The department may deny an application for an initial or a renewal license, and may suspend or revoke the license of a licensee, if the applicant, the licensee, or an ultimate equitable owner of an applicant for a loan broker license or of a loan broker licensee:
 - (1) has, within the most recent ten (10) years:
 - (A) been the subject of an adjudication or a determination by:
 - (i) a court with jurisdiction; or
 - (ii) an agency or administrator that regulates securities, commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real estate, or the real estate appraisal industry;

in Indiana or in any other jurisdiction; and

- (B) been found, after notice and opportunity for hearing, to have violated the securities, commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real estate, or real estate appraisal laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction;
- (2) except as provided in subsection (d)(1) with respect to the loan brokerage business, has:
 - (A) been denied the right to do business in the securities, commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real estate, or real estate appraisal industry; or
 - (B) had the person's authority to do business in the securities, commodities, banking, financial services, insurance, real estate, or real estate appraisal industry revoked or suspended;

by Indiana or by any other state, federal, or foreign governmental agency or self regulatory organization;

(3) is insolvent;











- (4) has violated any provision of this article;
- (5) has knowingly filed with the department any document or statement that:
 - (A) contains a false representation of a material fact;
 - (B) fails to state a material fact; or
 - (C) contains a representation that becomes false after the filing but during the term of a license as provided in subsection (j);
- (6) has been convicted, within ten (10) years before the date of the application, renewal, or review, of any crime, other than a felony, involving fraud or deceit;
- (7) if the person is a loan broker licensee or a principal manager, has failed to reasonably supervise the person's mortgage loan originators or employees to ensure their compliance with this article;
- (8) is on the most recent tax warrant list supplied to the department by the department of state revenue; or
- (9) has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the loan brokerage business, as determined by the department.
- (d) The department shall deny an application for an initial or a renewal license and shall suspend or revoke the license of a licensee if the applicant, the licensee, or an ultimate equitable owner of an applicant for a loan broker license or of a loan broker licensee:
 - (1) has had a:
 - (A) loan broker license issued under this article;
 - (B) mortgage loan originator license issued under this article;
 - (C) principal manager license issued under this article; or
 - (D) license that is:
 - (i) equivalent to a license described in clause (A), (B), or
 - (C); and
 - (ii) issued by another jurisdiction;

revoked by the department or the appropriate regulatory agency in another jurisdiction, whichever applies;

- (2) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military court:
 - (A) during the seven (7) year period immediately preceding the date of the application or review; or
 - (B) at any time preceding the date of the application or review if the felony involved an act of fraud or dishonesty, a breach of trust, or money laundering;
- (3) fails to maintain the bond required under IC 24-4.2-2-2(d);











- (4) fails to demonstrate the financial responsibility, character, and general fitness necessary to:
 - (A) command the confidence of the community in which the applicant or licensee engages or will engage in the loan brokerage business; and
 - (B) warrant a determination by the department that the applicant or licensee will operate honestly, fairly, and efficiently within the purposes of this article;
- (5) has failed to meet the education requirements set forth in IC 24-4.2-2-4;
- (6) has failed to pass the written examination required by IC 24-4.2-2-3; or
- (7) fails to:
 - (A) keep or maintain records in accordance with section 12 of this chapter; or
 - (B) allow the department or an agent appointed by the department to inspect or examine a loan broker licensee's books and records to determine compliance with section 12 of this chapter.
- (e) The department may do either of the following:
 - (1) Censure:
 - (A) a licensee;
 - (B) an officer, a director, or an ultimate equitable owner of a loan broker licensee; or
 - (C) any other person;

who violates or causes a violation of this article.

- (2) Permanently bar any person described in subdivision (1) from being:
 - (A) licensed under this article; or
 - (B) employed by or affiliated with a person licensed under this article;

if the person violates or causes a violation of this article.

- (f) The department may not enter a final order:
 - (1) denying, suspending, or revoking the license of an applicant or a licensee; or
 - (2) imposing other sanctions;

without prior notice to all interested parties, opportunity for a hearing, and written findings of fact and conclusions of law. However, the department may by summary order deny, suspend, or revoke a license pending final determination of any proceeding under this section or before any proceeding is initiated under this section. Upon the entry of a summary order, the department shall









promptly notify all interested parties that the summary order has been entered, of the reasons for the summary order, and that upon receipt by the department of a written request from a party, the matter will be set for hearing to commence not later than forty-five (45) business days after receipt of the request. If no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the department, the order remains in effect until it is modified or vacated by the department. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the department, after notice of the hearing has been given to all interested persons and the hearing has been held, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.

- (g) IC 4-21.5 does not apply to a proceeding under this section.
- (h) If a mortgage loan originator licensee or a principal manager licensee seeks to transfer the licensee's license to another loan broker licensee who desires to have the mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee act as a mortgage loan originator or as a principal manager, whichever applies, the mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee shall, before the mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee acts as a mortgage loan originator or as a principal manager for the new employer, submit to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, a license application, as required by IC 24-4.2-2-2.
- (i) If the employment of a mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee is terminated, whether:
 - (1) voluntarily by the mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee; or
 - (2) by the loan broker licensee employing the mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee;

the loan broker licensee that employed the mortgage loan originator licensee or principal manager licensee shall, not later than five (5) days after the termination, notify the department of the termination and the reasons for the termination.

- (j) If a material fact or statement included in an application under this article changes after the application has been submitted, the applicant shall provide written notice to the department of the change. The department may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew a license applied for or held by any person who:
 - (1) is required to submit a written notice under this subsection and fails to provide the required notice within two (2) business days after the person discovers or should have discovered the change; or

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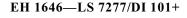
- (2) would not qualify for licensure under this article as a result of the change in a material fact or statement.
- Sec. 5. (a) The department may do the following:
 - (1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this article.
 - (2) Make investigations and examinations:
 - (A) in connection with any application for licensure under this article or with any license already granted; or
 - (B) whenever it appears to the department, upon the basis of a complaint or information, that reasonable grounds exist for the belief that an investigation or examination is necessary or advisable for the more complete protection of the interests of the public.
 - (3) Charge as costs of investigation or examination all reasonable expenses, including a per diem prorated upon the salary of the employee performing the investigation or examination and actual traveling and hotel expenses. All reasonable expenses are to be paid by the party or parties under investigation or examination if the party has violated this article.
 - (4) Issue notices and orders, including cease and desist notices and orders, after making an investigation or examination under subdivision (2). The department may also bring an action on behalf of the state to enjoin a person from violating this article. The department shall notify the person that an order or notice has been issued, the reasons for the order or notice, and that a hearing will be set not later than forty-five (45) days after the department receives a written request from the person requesting a hearing.
 - (5) Sign all orders, official certifications, documents, or papers issued under this article or delegate the authority to sign any of those items to a deputy.
 - (6) Hold and conduct hearings.
 - (7) Hear evidence.
 - (8) Conduct inquiries with or without hearings.
 - (9) Receive reports of investigators or other officers or employees of the state of Indiana or of any municipal corporation or governmental subdivision within the state.
 - (10) Administer oaths, or cause them to be administered.
 - (11) Subpoena witnesses, and compel them to attend and testify.
 - (12) Compel the production of books, records, and other documents.













- (13) Order depositions to be taken of any witness residing within or without the state. The depositions shall be taken in the manner prescribed by law for depositions in civil actions and made returnable to the department.
- (14) Order that each witness appearing under the department's order to testify before the department shall receive the fees and mileage allowances provided for witnesses in civil cases.
- (15) Provide interpretive opinions or issue determinations that the department will not institute a proceeding or an action under this article against a specified person for engaging in a specified act, practice, or course of business if the determination is consistent with this article. The department may adopt rules to establish fees for individuals requesting an interpretive opinion or a determination under this subdivision. A person may not request an interpretive opinion or a determination concerning an activity that:
 - (A) occurred before; or
 - (B) is occurring on;

the date the opinion or determination is requested.

- (16) Subject to subsection (f), designate a multistate automated licensing system and repository, established and operated by a third party, to serve as the sole entity responsible for:
 - (A) processing applications for:
 - (i) licenses under this article; and
 - (ii) renewals of licenses under this article; and
 - (B) performing other services that the department determines are necessary for the orderly administration of the division's licensing system.

A multistate automated licensing system and repository described in this subdivision may include the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry established by the Conference of State Bank Supervisors and the American Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators. The department may take any action necessary to allow the department to participate in a multistate automated licensing system and repository.

(b) If a witness, in any hearing, inquiry, or investigation conducted under this article, refuses to answer any question or produce any item, the department may file a written petition with the circuit or superior court in the county where the hearing,











investigation, or inquiry in question is being conducted requesting a hearing on the refusal. The court shall hold a hearing to determine if the witness may refuse to answer the question or produce the item. If the court determines that the witness, based upon the witness's privilege against self-incrimination, may properly refuse to answer or produce an item, the department may make a written request that the court grant use immunity to the witness. Upon written request of the department, the court shall grant use immunity to a witness. The court shall instruct the witness, by written order or in open court, that:

- (1) any evidence the witness gives, or evidence derived from that evidence, may not be used in any criminal proceedings against that witness, unless the evidence is volunteered by the witness or is not responsive to a question; and
- (2) the witness must answer the questions asked and produce the items requested.

A grant of use immunity does not prohibit evidence that the witness gives in a hearing, investigation, or inquiry from being used in a prosecution for perjury under IC 35-44-2-1. If a witness refuses to give the evidence after the witness has been granted use immunity, the court may find the witness in contempt.

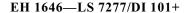
(c) In any prosecution, action, suit, or proceeding based upon or arising out of this article, the department may sign a certificate showing compliance or noncompliance with this article by any person. This certificate shall constitute prima facie evidence of compliance or noncompliance with this article and shall be admissible in evidence in any action at law or in equity to enforce this article.

- (d) If:
 - (1) a person disobeys any lawful:
 - (A) subpoena issued under this article; or
 - (B) order or demand requiring the production of any books, accounts, papers, records, documents, or other evidence or information as provided in this article; or
 - (2) a witness refuses to:
 - (A) appear when subpoenaed;
 - (B) testify to any matter about which the witness may be lawfully interrogated; or
- (C) take or subscribe to any oath required by this article; the circuit or superior court of the county in which the hearing, inquiry, or investigation in question is held, if demand is made or if, upon written petition, the production is ordered to be made, or











the department or a hearing officer appointed by the department, shall compel compliance with the lawful requirements of the subpoena, order, or demand, compel the production of the necessary or required books, papers, records, documents, and other evidence and information, and compel any witness to attend in any Indiana county and to testify to any matter about which the witness may lawfully be interrogated, and to take or subscribe to any oath required.

- (e) If a person fails, refuses, or neglects to comply with a court order under this section, the person shall be punished for contempt of court.
- (f) The department's authority to designate a multistate automated licensing system and repository under subsection (a)(16) is subject to the following:
 - (1) The department may not require any person that is not required to be licensed under this article, or any employee or agent of a person that is not required to be licensed under this article, to:
 - (A) submit information to the department; or
 - (B) participate in;

the multistate automated licensing system and repository.

- (2) The department may require a person required under this article to submit information to the multistate automated licensing system and repository to pay a processing fee considered reasonable by the department.
- Sec. 6. Copies of any statement or document filed with the department, and copies of any records of the department, certified to by the director of the department or any deputy are admissible in any prosecution, action, suit, or proceeding based upon, or arising out of or under, the provisions of this article to the same effect as the original of the statement, document, or record would be if actually produced.

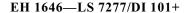
Sec. 7. Upon:

- (1) disobedience on the part of any person to any lawful subpoena issued under this article, or to any lawful order or demand requiring the production of any books, accounts, papers, records, documents, or other evidence or information as provided in this article; or
- (2) the refusal of any witness to appear when subpoenaed, to testify to any matter regarding which the witness may be lawfully interrogated, or to take or subscribe to any oath required by this article;











it shall be the duty of the circuit or superior court of the county in which the hearing or inquiry or investigation in question is being or is to be held, where demand is made, or where the production is ordered to be made, upon written petition of the department, to compel obedience to the lawful requirements of the subpoena, order, or demand.

- Sec. 8. (a) If the department determines, after a hearing, that a person has violated this article, the department may, in addition to all other remedies, impose a civil penalty upon the person in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation.
- (b) The department may bring an action in the circuit or superior court of Marion County to enforce payment of any penalty imposed under this section.
- Sec. 9. Any person who violates this article or any rule or regulation adopted under this article, in connection with a contract for the services of a loan broker, is liable to any person damaged by the violation, for the amount of the actual damages suffered, interest at the legal rate, and attorney's fees. If a person violates any provision of this article, or any rule or regulation adopted under this article, in connection with a contract for loan brokering services, the contract is void, and the prospective borrower is entitled to receive from the loan broker all sums paid to the loan broker.
- Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a person who knowingly violates this article commits a Class C felony.
- (b) A person who knowingly violates this article commits a Class B felony if the person damaged by the violation is at least sixty (60) years of age.
- (c) A person commits a Class C felony if the person knowingly makes or causes to be made:
 - (1) in any document filed with or sent to the department; or
 - (2) in any proceeding, investigation, or examination under this article;

any statement that is, at the time and in the light of the circumstances under which it is made, false or misleading in any material respect.

Sec. 11. (a) If a transaction for which a loan broker has charged any fee is rescinded by any person under the provisions of the Truth-in-Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1601-1667e) within twenty (20) calendar days after a notice of the rescission has been delivered to the creditor, the loan broker shall return to the person any









consideration that has been given to the loan broker other than bona fide third party fees.

- (b) For purposes of calculating the time period during which a person may avoid a contract under IC 24-5-10-8 or IC 24-4.5-2-502, a contract with a loan broker shall be considered to be a sale of services that occurs on the date on which the person signs the written contract required by section 2 of this chapter.
- Sec. 12. (a) Each loan broker agreement shall be given an account number. Each person licensed as a loan broker or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this article shall keep and maintain the following records or their electronic equivalent:
 - (1) A file for each borrower or proposed borrower that contains the following:
 - (A) The name and address of the borrower or any proposed borrower.
 - (B) A copy of the signed loan broker agreement.
 - (C) A copy of any other papers or instruments used in connection with the loan broker agreement and signed by the borrower or any proposed borrower.
 - (D) If a loan was obtained for the borrower, the name and address of the creditor.
 - (E) If a loan is accepted by the borrower, a copy of the loan agreement.
 - (F) The amount of the loan broker's fee that the borrower has paid. If there is an unpaid balance, the status of any collection efforts.
 - (2) All receipts from or for the account of borrowers or any proposed borrowers and all disbursements to or for the account of borrowers or any proposed borrowers, recorded so that the transactions are readily identifiable.
 - (3) A general ledger that shall be posted at least monthly, and a trial balance sheet and profit and loss statement prepared within thirty (30) days of the department's request for the information.
 - (4) A sample of:
 - (A) all advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, letters, articles, or communications published in any newspaper, magazine, or periodical;
 - (B) scripts of any recording, radio, or television announcement; and
 - (C) any sales kits or literature;

to be used in solicitation of borrowers.









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- (5) A report that lists all residential mortgage loans, including pending loans and loans that were not closed, originated by the loan broker. The report required by this subdivision must be searchable by, or organized according to, the borrower's last name and must include the following information for each residential mortgage loan listed:
 - (A) The name and address of the borrower or potential borrower.
 - (B) The name of the creditor.
 - (C) The name of the mortgage loan originator.
 - (D) The loan amount.
 - (E) The status of the loan, including the date of closing or denial by the creditor.
 - (F) The interest rate for the loan.

The report required by this subdivision may be prepared or produced by or through the loan broker's loan origination software or other software used by the loan broker in its loan brokerage business.

- (b) The records listed in subsection (a) shall be kept for a period of two (2) years in the office of the loan broker in which the loan was originated and must be separate or readily identifiable from the records of any other business that is conducted in the office of the loan broker. If the office in which any records are required to be kept under this subsection is located outside Indiana, the records must be:
 - (1) made available at a location that is:
 - (A) located in Indiana; and
 - (B) accessible to the securities division; or
 - (2) maintained electronically and made available to the securities division not later than ten (10) business days after a request by the securities division to inspect or examine the records.
 - (c) If a breach of the security of any records:
 - (1) maintained by a loan broker under this section; and
 - (2) containing the unencrypted, unreducted personal information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective borrowers:

occurs, the loan broker is subject to the disclosure requirements under IC 24-4.9-3, unless the loan broker is exempt from the disclosure requirements under IC 24-4.9-3-4.

(d) A person who is licensed or required to be licensed under this article may not dispose of the unencrypted, unredacted









personal information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective borrowers without first shredding, incinerating, mutilating, erasing, or otherwise rendering the information illegible or unusable.

- (e) As used in this article, "personal information" includes any of the following:
 - (1) An individual's first and last names or first initial and last name.
 - (2) Any of the following data elements:
 - (A) A Social Security number.
 - (B) A driver's license number.
 - (C) A state identification card number.
 - (D) A credit card number.
 - (E) A financial account number or debit card number in combination with a security code, password, or access code that would permit access to the person's account.
 - (3) With respect to an individual, any of the following:
 - (A) Address.
 - (B) Telephone number.
 - (C) Information concerning the individual's:
 - (i) income or other compensation;
 - (ii) credit history;
 - (iii) credit score;
 - (iv) assets;
 - (v) liabilities; or
 - (vi) employment history.
- (f) As used in this article, personal information is "encrypted" if the personal information:
 - (1) has been transformed through the use of an algorithmic process into a form in which there is a low probability of assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or key; or
 - (2) is secured by another method that renders the personal information unreadable or unusable.
- (g) As used in this article, personal information is "redacted" if the personal information has been altered or truncated so that not more than the last four (4) digits of:
 - (1) a Social Security number;
 - (2) a driver's license number;
 - (3) a state identification number; or
 - (4) an account number;

are accessible as part of the personal information.



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- Sec. 13. Whenever a person licensed under this article, or a person required to be licensed under this article has possession of funds belonging to others, including money received by or on behalf of a prospective borrower, the person licensed under this article, or required to be licensed under this article, shall:
 - (1) upon request of the prospective borrower, account for any funds handled for the prospective borrower;
 - (2) follow any reasonable and lawful instructions from the prospective borrower concerning the prospective borrower's funds; and
 - (3) return any unspent funds of the prospective borrower to the prospective borrower in a timely manner.
- Sec. 14. Each loan broker licensee shall submit, at such times as the department may require, reports of condition to:
 - (1) the department; and
- (2) the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry. A report required by this section shall be in the form and contain the information the department may require.
- Sec. 15. (a) A person shall not, in connection with a contract for the services of a loan broker, either directly or indirectly, do any of the following:
 - (1) Employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud.
 - (2) Make any untrue statements of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.
 - (3) Engage in any act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person.
 - (4) Collect or solicit any consideration, except a bona fide third party fee, in connection with a residential mortgage loan until the residential mortgage loan has been closed.
 - (5) Receive any funds if the person knows that the funds were generated as a result of a fraudulent act.
 - (6) File or cause to be filed with a county recorder any document that the person knows:
 - (A) contains:
 - (i) a misstatement; or
 - (ii) an untrue statement;
 - of a material fact; or
 - (B) omits a statement of a material fact that is necessary to make the statements that are made, in the light of









circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. (7) Knowingly release or disclose the unencrypted, unredacted personal information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective borrowers, unless the personal information is used in an activity authorized by the borrower or prospective borrower under one (1) or more of the following circumstances:

- (A) The personal information is:
 - (i) included on an application form or another form; or
 - (ii) transmitted as part of an application process or an enrollment process.
- (B) The personal information is used to obtain a consumer report (as defined in IC 24-5-24-2) for an applicant for credit.
- (C) The personal information is used to establish, amend, or terminate an account, a contract, or a policy, or to confirm the accuracy of the personal information.

However, personal information allowed to be disclosed under this subdivision may not be printed in whole or in part on a postcard or other mailer that does not require an envelope, or in a manner that makes the personal information visible on an envelope or a mailer without the envelope or mailer being opened.

- (8) Engage in any reckless or negligent activity allowing the release or disclosure of the unencrypted, unredacted personal information of one (1) or more borrowers or prospective borrowers. An activity described in this subdivision includes an action prohibited by section 12(d) of this chapter.
- (9) Knowingly bribe, coerce, or intimidate another person to corrupt or improperly influence the independent judgment of a real estate appraiser with respect to the value of any real estate offered as security for a residential mortgage loan, as prohibited by section 3 of this chapter.
- (10) Violate any of the following:
 - (A) The federal Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
 - (B) The federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.), as amended.
 - (C) The federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.).
 - (D) Any other federal law or regulation concerning residential mortgage lending.









- (b) A person who commits an act described in subsection (a) is subject to sections 4, 8, 9, and 10 of this chapter.
- Sec. 16. (a) A person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this article shall not employ a person to act as a mortgage loan originator unless the person is licensed as a mortgage loan originator or a principal manager under this article. The license of a mortgage loan originator or a principal manager is not effective during any period in which the mortgage loan originator or principal manager is not employed by a loan broker licensed under this article.
- (b) A person licensed or required to be licensed as a loan broker under this article shall not operate any principal or branch office of a loan brokerage business without employing a licensed principal manager at that location.
- (c) The licensed principal manager employed at a principal or branch office of a loan brokerage business shall supervise all employees at that location. If a licensed mortgage loan originator works from a location that is not a principal or branch office of a loan brokerage business, the mortgage loan originator shall be supervised by the principal manager employed at the principal or branch office at which the mortgage loan originator's loan files are sent.
- (d) An individual that acts solely as a loan processor or underwriter shall not represent to the public through:
 - (1) advertising; or
 - (2) other means of communicating or providing information, including the use of business cards, stationery, brochures, signs, rate lists, or other promotional items;

that the individual may or will perform mortgage loan origination activities or otherwise act as a mortgage loan originator.

Sec. 17. (a) An appeal may be taken by:

- (1) any person whose application for an initial or a renewal license under this article is granted or denied, from any final order of the department concerning the application;
- (2) any applicant for initial or renewed licensure as a principal manager or a mortgage loan originator, from any final order of the department affecting the application;
- (3) any person against whom a civil penalty is imposed under section 8 of this chapter, from the final order of the department imposing the civil penalty; or
- (4) any person who is named as a respondent, from any final order issued by the department under section 4 or 5 of this









chapter;

to the Marion circuit court or to the circuit or superior court of the county where the person taking the appeal resides or maintains a place of business.

- (b) Not later than twenty (20) days after the entry of the order, the department shall be served with:
 - (1) a written notice of the appeal stating the court to which the appeal will be taken and the grounds upon which a reversal of the final order is sought;
 - (2) a demand in writing from the appellant for a certified transcript of the record and of all papers on file in the department's office affecting or relating to the order; and
 - (3) a bond in the penal sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) to the state of Indiana with sufficient surety to be approved by the department, conditioned upon the faithful prosecution of the appeal to final judgment and the payment of all costs that are adjudged against the appellant.
- (c) Not later than ten (10) days after the department is served with the items listed in subsection (b), the department shall make, certify, and deliver to the appellant the transcript, and the appellant shall, not later than five (5) days after the date the appellant receives the transcript, file the transcript and a copy of the notice of appeal with the clerk of the court. The notice of appeal serves as the appellant's complaint. The department may appear and file any motion or pleading and form the issue. The cause shall be entered on the trial calendar for trial de novo and given precedence over all matters pending in the court.
- (d) The court shall receive and consider any pertinent oral or written evidence concerning the order of the department from which the appeal is taken. If the order of the department is reversed, the court shall in its mandate specifically direct the department as to the department's further action in the matter. The department is not barred from revoking or altering the order for any proper cause that accrues or is discovered after the order is entered. If the order is affirmed, the appellant is not barred after thirty (30) days from the date the order is affirmed from filing a new application if the application is not otherwise barred or limited. During the pendency of the appeal, the order from which the appeal is taken is not suspended but remains in effect unless otherwise ordered by the court. An appeal may be taken from the judgment of the court on the same terms and conditions as an appeal is taken in civil actions.

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Sec. 18. A loan broker agreement that is delivered or required to be delivered by a person licensed or required to be licensed under this article to a borrower or prospective borrower must contain:

- (1) the license number of the loan broker; and
- (2) the license number of each:
 - (A) mortgage loan originator; or
 - (B) principal manager;

who had contact with the file.".

Page 35, delete lines 2 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 23. IC 23-2-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2011].

SECTION 24. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this SECTION, "commissioner" refers to the securities commissioner appointed under IC 23-19-6-1.

- (b) As used in this SECTION, "department" refers to the department of financial institutions.
- (c) As used in this SECTION, "director" refers to the director of the department of financial institutions appointed under IC 28-11-2-1.
- (d) The definitions in IC 23-2-5-3, as amended by this act, apply throughout this SECTION.
- (e) The commissioner and the director shall cooperate to facilitate the transfer of responsibility for the licensing and regulation of:
 - (1) loan brokers;
 - (2) mortgage loan originators, and
 - (3) principal managers;

from the commissioner to the department effective January 1, 2011, as required by this act.

- (f) The commissioner and the director shall issue joint written guidelines concerning any legislation recommended for introduction during the 2010 session of the general assembly to facilitate the transfer described in subsection (e). The guidelines issued under this subsection shall be submitted to the following not later than November 1, 2009:
 - (1) The legislative council.
 - (2) The members of the senate standing committee that has jurisdiction over legislation concerning financial institutions.
 - (3) The members of the house of representatives standing committee that has jurisdiction over legislation concerning

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financial institutions.

The report to the legislative council required by this subsection must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

(g) This SECTION expires July 1, 2011.

SECTION 25. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2011] (a) Notwithstanding the repeal of IC 23-2-5 on January 1, 2011, by this act, the loan broker regulation account created by IC 23-2-5-7, before its repeal by this act, continues in existence after December 31, 2010, and may be used by the department of financial institutions for the regulation of loan brokers, mortgage loan originators, and principal managers under IC 24-4.2, as added by this act.

(b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2012.

SECTION 26. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Delete pages 36 through 37.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1646 as introduced.)

BARDON, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill No. 1646, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(f) As used in this chapter, "borrower's residential mortgage loan application information" means the address of the proposed residential real property to be mortgaged and borrower's essential personal and financial information necessary for an informed credit decision to be made on the borrower's mortgage loan application."

Page 2, line 29, reset in roman "(g)".

Page 2, line 29, delete "(f)".

Page 3, line 3, delete "(g)" and insert "(h)".

Page 3, line 7, strike "(h)" and insert "(i)".

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Page 3, line 15, reset in roman "(j)". Page 3, line 15, delete "(i)". Page 3, line 21, reset in roman "(k)". Page 3, line 21, delete "(j)". Page 3, line 29, delete "(k)" and insert "(l)". Page 3, line 35, delete "(1)" and insert "(m)". Page 4, line 9, delete "(m)" and insert "(n)". Page 4, line 12, delete "(n)" and insert "(o)". Page 4, line 32, delete "(o)" and insert "(p)". Page 5, line 7, delete "(p)" and insert "(q)". Page 5, line 19, delete "(q)" and insert "(r)". Page 5, line 25, delete "(r)" and insert "(s)". Page 6, line 5, delete "(s)" and insert "(t)". Page 6, line 13, delete "(t)" and insert "(u)". Page 6, line 21, delete "(u)" and insert "(v)". Page 6, line 24, delete "(v)" and insert "(w)". Page 6, line 42, delete "(w)" and insert "(x)". Page 10, line 30, delete "three" and insert "five". Page 10, line 31, delete "(\$3,000,000)" and insert "(\$5,000,000)". Page 10, line 32, delete "One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)" and insert "Sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000)". Page 10, line 34, delete "three" and insert "five". Page 10, line 35, delete "(\$3,000,000)." and insert "(\$5,000,000).". Page 10, line 35, delete "ten" and insert "twenty". Page 10, line 36, delete "(\$10,000,000)." insert "(\$20,000,000).". Page 10, line 37, delete "One hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000)" and insert "Seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000)". Page 10, line 39, delete "ten" and insert "twenty". Page 10, line 40, delete "(\$10,000,000)." and insert "(\$20,000,000).". Page 13, line 38, delete "Except as provided in subsection (f), if"

and insert "If".

Page 14, delete lines 4 through 30.

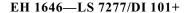
Page 17, line 33, after "within" insert "not later than".

Page 17, line 33, reset in roman "fifteen (15)".

Page 17, line 33, after "(15)" insert "business days after receipt of the request if the original order issued by the commissioner was a summary suspension, summary revocation, or denial of a license and".

Page 17, line 34, after "request" insert "for all other orders".

Page 19, line 9, delete "suspend or".





Page 21, line 20, delete ";" and insert ";".

Page 22, line 24, after "within" insert "not later than".

Page 22, line 24, reset in roman "fifteen (15)".

Page 22, line 24, after "(15)" insert "business days after the commissioner receives a written request from the person requesting a hearing if the original order issued by the commissioner was a summary suspension, summary revocation, or denial of a license and".

Page 22, line 24, after "(45)" insert "business".

Page 22, line 26, delete "." and insert "for all other orders.".

Page 33, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 19. IC 23-2-5-24 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 24. In the securities divisions' investigative, examination, and regulatory activities related to licensees under this article, the securities division may cooperate with the Indiana department of financial institutions in the regulation of a licensee that conducts:

- (1) business under this article; and
- (2) business that requires licensure under IC 24-4.4.

SECTION 20. IC 23-2-5-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,2009]: Sec. 25. Subject to IC 5-14-3, the commissioner is required to regularly report:

- (1) violations of this chapter; and
- (2) enforcement actions and other relevant information; to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

SECTION 21. IC 23-2-5-26 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 26. The commissioner shall establish a process by which a mortgage loan originator may challenge information entered into the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry by the commissioner.".

Page 36, between lines 22 and 23, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 24. IC 23-19-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.27-2007, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. (a) If the commissioner determines that a person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in an act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this article or a rule adopted or order issued under this article or that a person has materially aided, is materially aiding, or is about to materially aid an act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this







article or a rule adopted or order issued under this article, the commissioner may:

- (1) investigate and may issue, with or without a prior hearing, orders and notices as the commissioner determines to be in the public interest, including cease and desist orders, orders to show cause, and notices. After notice and hearing, the commissioner may enter an order of rescission, restitution, or disgorgement, including interest at the legal rate of interest, directed to a person who has violated this article or a rule or order under this article; (2) issue an order denying, suspending, revoking, or conditioning the exemptions for a broker-dealer under IC 23-19-4-1(b)(1)(D) or IC 23-19-4-1(b)(1)(F) or an investment adviser under IC 23-19-4-3(b)(1)(C); or
- (3) issue an order under IC 23-19-2-4.
- (b) An order under subsection (a) is effective on the date of issuance. Upon issuance of the order, the commissioner shall promptly serve each person subject to the order with a copy of the order and a notice that the order has been entered. The order must include a statement whether the commissioner will seek a civil penalty or costs of the investigation, a statement of the reasons for the order, and notice that, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of a request in a record from the person, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a person subject to the order does not request a hearing and none is ordered by the commissioner within forty-five (45) days after the date of service of the order, the order, which may include a civil penalty or costs of the investigation if a civil penalty or costs were sought in the statement accompanying the order, becomes final as to that person by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the commissioner, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.
- (c) If a hearing is requested or ordered under subsection (b), the hearing must be held within not later than fifteen (15) business days of after receipt if the original order issued by the commissioner was a summary suspension, summary revocation, or denial of a license and not later than forty-five (45) business days after receipt for all other orders. A final order may not be issued unless the commissioner makes findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record. The final order may make final, vacate, or modify the order issued under subsection (a).
- (d) In a final order under subsection (c), the commissioner may impose a civil penalty up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per











violation. Penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the securities division enforcement account established under section 1 of this chapter.

- (e) In a final order, the commissioner may charge the cost of an investigation or proceeding for a violation of this article or a rule adopted or order issued under this article.
- (f) If a petition for judicial review of a final order is not filed in accordance with section 9 of this chapter, the commissioner may file a certified copy of the final order with the clerk of a court with jurisdiction. The order so filed has the same effect as a judgment of the court and may be recorded, enforced, or satisfied in the same manner as a judgment of the court.
- (g) If a person does not comply with an order under this section, the commissioner may petition a court with jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court may not require the commissioner to post a bond in an action or proceeding under this section. If the court finds, after service and opportunity for hearing, that the person was not in compliance with the order, the court may adjudge the person in civil contempt of the order. The court may impose a further civil penalty against the person for contempt in an amount not greater than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation and may grant any other relief the court determines is just and proper in the circumstances.
- (h) The commissioner shall send a certified copy of every final order that suspends or revokes a person's registration under this article, or that orders a person who is not registered under this article to cease and desist from violating this article, to the insurance commissioner appointed under IC 27-1-1-2. The insurance commissioner shall act in accordance with IC 27-1-15.6-29.5.".

Page 36, delete lines 23 through 42.

Delete pages 37 through 66.

Page 67, delete lines 1 through 25.

Page 67, delete lines 28 through 42.

Delete page 68.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1646 as printed February 20, 2009.)

PAUL, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.







